

The China Mail

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1845

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HONGKONG,

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1926.

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

N. LAZARUS

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We have the most up-to-date
Equipment in the Far East.
All work done under the
supervision of a qualified
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Only HUDSON can build this value. Combined with the supreme advantage of the famous Super Six principle, the largest production of 6-cylinder cars in the world makes this quality, price and value exclusive to HUDSON. To-day, more than ever, HUDSON is the world's greatest buy. Its high public estimation is due entirely to what HUDSON owners say of the car, and is altogether responsible for its enormous sales success.

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FOR THE HOME

CALL & INSPECT LOWEST PRICES.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH NO ACCOUNTS OPENED.

WHITEAWAY,
LAIDLAW
& CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG.

An unfailing test of the
quality of any Whisky is
the feeling on the morning
after the night before.

FINDLATERS "SPECIAL" WHISKY

is unsurpassed in
PURITY, FLAVOUR
and PRICE.

AGENTS,
GILMAN & CO., LTD.,
H.K. Bank Building.

TANG YUK, DENTIST,
Residence at
the late SIEN TING,
14, D'Aguiar Street.
TREATS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free

MRS. MOTONO.
ELECTRIC MASSAGE
81a, Wyndham St., 2nd Floor.

DARING PIRACY.

COUP IN CANTON'S NAVAL ANCHORAGE.

COLLISION FOLLOWS.

Military Passenger Jumps Into River.

Close to the anchorage for foreign men-of-war in Canton harbor, a daring piracy was committed last Saturday on a small river steamer which had on board about 300 passengers. In the subsequent confusion, the boat collided with and sank a sampan off Fati. Nevertheless, the desperadoes succeeded in meeting confederates, who were waiting for them at Tai Chung Hau, in the environs of the city, and escaped.

The s.s. "Sun Lee Ching" owned by the Shun Hing Co. of Canton, plies between Canton and adjacent up-river ports.

Last Saturday afternoon she left her wharf at the West Bund and slowed down in the stream (near where the Hongkong steamer now anchors) to pick up additional passengers from Wong Shu, the suburb further west of the City than Shikou (opposite Shamoon).

Six pirates, dressed in the merchant's ordinary long gown, were among those who boarded the boat at this stage. Very shortly afterwards two of them held up the captain (who was at the wheel) with a pistol and ordered him to steer for Tai Chung Hau. The other four drove the passengers into a state of terror by brandishing revolvers and shouting threats.

Whilst the passengers were being stripped of their valuables, one man, who is believed to belong to the army, jumped overboard into the river.

The helmsman turned the boat round to run her ashore at Fati, on the other side of the river. In doing so, a sampan was struck and sunk.

Even though the other small craft folk in the vicinity were making a lot of noise—more because of the collision than because they were aware of what was going on—the pirates had the presence of mind to retain control of the situation.

The "Sun Lee Ching" was taken to Tai Chung Hau, where a sampan awaited the gang. Taking their loot with them, the pirates left with three passengers who were, it must be presumed, forced into captivity for purposes of ransom.

MISCHIEF?

BURNING PAPER PLACED NEAR DOOR.

A TIMELY ALARM.

In a report made to the Police by a Chinese married woman living at No. 52, D'Aguiar Street, ground floor, she stated that she was awakened at 4 o'clock yesterday morning by people outside shouting out "fire".

On opening the door she found a quantity of paper soaked in kerosene had been lighted and thrown against the door. No damage other than the burning away of the paint on the door had been done.

At the Kowloon Magistracy this morning a Chinese youth was sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment on a charge of having been found on the roof of a flat at No. 313, Nathan Road, with intent to steal. It may be recalled that the prisoner was caught through the instrumentality of an aman, and on leaping from the roof of the kitchen on the first floor he broke his leg in three places, necessitating his removal to hospital.

Notifiable diseases reported during the week ended April 3 were small-pox, four cases (1 Scotch, 3 Chinese); diphtheria, one (European); enteric fever, one case, one death (Chinese); cerebro-spinal fever, one (Japanese). During the 24 hours ending yesterday two cases of small-pox, one enteric fever and one cerebro-spinal fever (all Chinese) were reported.

TO-DAY'S DOLLAR.

The closing rate of the dollar, on demand, to-day was 2/3 5/16.

UNCLEAN CLOSETS.

MESSRS. SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. FINED \$10.

MAGISTRATE'S DECISION.

Major C. Willson (at the Central Magistracy) this morning imposed a fine of \$10 on Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. at the resumed hearing of the summons by Sanitary Inspector J. Storton, for the alleged unclean closets in St. George's Building.

At the previous hearing, Mr. R. A. Wadeson (for the defence) had argued that Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. were neither the owners, nor the occupiers. The prosecution produced publications in which the firm was given as general managers of the Hongkong and Territorial Estates, Ltd. (admitted to be owners).

When His Worship announced that he was against Mr. Wadeson on the point raised and that he was, inter alia, of the opinion that the defendant firm were the most suitable persons to be considered agents, Mr. Wadeson requested His Worship to note two items, the second of which was that the name of the owner had been disclosed, the owner's representative had been in court, and had not been proceeded against. Mr. Wadeson's other contention was that under the Ordinance, either the owner or occupier was liable and his clients could not be considered either owner or occupier.

A MARKET SCENE.

INSPECTOR ATTACKED BY HAWKERS.

SEQUEL IN COURT.

An attack by hawkers on Sanitary Inspector John Hughes was described in Mr. R. E. Lindsell's Court this morning when a Chinese cooked food stall man was charged with disorderly conduct.

The Inspector stated in evidence that he was set upon by a number of hawkers when he went to clear them from the market place at Jardine's bazaar yesterday afternoon and had seized a basket containing vegetable. He produced a knife which he snatched away from one of the assailants and accused the defendant of having urged on the hawkers to attack witness with the stools at the stall. Witness said he was forced to beat a retreat and summon police assistance and when he returned the assailants had dispersed with the exception of the defendant.

Defendant stated that he was doing all he could to prevent the hawkers from getting the stools at his stall. He denied that he took part in the attack. The master of the stall gave corroborating evidence and defendant was discharged.

A FICKLE WOMAN.

ACCUSES FORMER LOVER OF THEFT.

CHARGE FAILS.

A Chinese was charged before Major C. Willson at the Central Magistracy this morning with the theft of a gold ear pick from a woman.

Mr. C. A. S. Russ, defending, suggested that the defendant went to the house to get his presents back as the woman had transferred her affections to another. Answering pointed questions put by counsel, the woman admitted that she had lived with the defendant although there had been no proper form of marriage and later abandoned him for a newly-found lover.

Defendant was discharged.

Wife (who thinks her husband not sufficiently active in his endeavours to find work). "I wonder what you would have done if you'd lived when men were compelled to earn their living by the sweat of their brows?" Husband: "I'd have opened a shop and sold landkerchiefs."

LADY ROBBED.

SNATCHER AT ROBINSON ROAD.

SUM OF \$160 LOST.

A European lady was the victim of a bag-snatching incident at Robinson Road yesterday. The stolen bag, containing a sum of \$160.

In her report to the police, Mrs. Matthews, of 29, Mosque Junction, stated that the thief crept up quietly from behind and, snatching the bag from her hand, disappeared down the road.

TREBLE VICTORY.

H.K. HOCKEY INTERPORTERS RETURN.

MATCHES DETAILED.

Having carried off honours in the two hockey and one soccer matches they played whilst in Amoy, the Hongkong hockey team returned this morning by the s.s. "Fooksang" after a very pleasant time in the course of which they were entertained royally.

The expected game with Swatow did not materialise owing to the Hongkong team travelling in separate boats on the way up and the "Fooksang" not calling on the way down.

The Hongkong team arrived in Amoy two men short but were able to make up the team by the inclusion of Capt. Green, of the s.s. "Ichang" (who played a good game at right half) and an ex-member of the Indian Police force.

The Amoy team consisted of keen players and played a good game considering they have not had a lot of practice.

Hongkong won the first game by 6-2 after dividing the spoils (2-2) at half time. Lieut. Jacob-Larkcom, R. E. scored all the goals for Hongkong in this match; the pace of which was fast.

Second Game.

In the second match Hongkong again just trebled the Amoy score, winning by 9-3 after leading by 6-1 at half time. T. J. Price opening the scoring for Hongkong, D. Lyon, Lieut. Jacob-Larkcom, S. H. Carrod, Capt. Haigh and Lyon scoring in sequence before half time.

In the second half Price added two and Carrod one.

A. S. Hett, who skippered the team, played a very fine game in both matches and Larkcom's score speaks for itself of his excellent stick work. Lieut. Smith played a very sound game and Price was on form on the left wing. With Larkcom at inside, this was a particularly strong wing.

In the second game, J. Wedlake having been crocked, went into goal and Haigh went to the right wing; Green, who had damaged his knee, went to right back.

Soccer Match.

The standard of soccer in the match played between the two teams was quite high, considering. D. Lyon took charge for Hongkong at the request of Hett.

Hongkong again trebled Amoy's score, the whistle going at 3-1. The shooting of the Hongkong forwards was erratic at times and a larger score should have been registered.

Carrod scored after an individual effort, Price which took him almost the length of the field. The second was scored by Lieut. Smith, an easy shot which the goalie could not get down to in time. The score at half time was 2-1. Price scored with an excellent shot in the far corner of the net in the second half.

Gerrard was a tower of strength to Hongkong in the soccer match and, incidentally, played sound game in the hockey matches.

A Tennis Visit?

The team speak highly of the hospitality afforded by the Amoy people and it is interesting to hear that Amoy are very keen on a Hongkong tennis team visiting them.

"N.E. winds, moderate; fine" is the local weather forecast till noon to-morrow. The Observatory also states that moderate to light monsoon may be expected along the S.E. coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

"WILD STORIES."

BOLSHEVIST PLANS IN SHANGHAI.

PHANTOM OF THE BRAIN.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, March 30.
Whilst the recent threats of disturbance in Shanghai, arising out of the shooting of students in Peking, came to nothing, save one or two orderly demonstrations, there is still evidence that Shanghai must be prepared for some trouble in the next few months.

Whilst the reverse of Marshal Feng Yu-shiang in the North, and the coup d'etat of General Chang Kai-shek in Canton may be taken to constitute serious reverses for the Bolshevist policy in China, it has yet to be shown that the local representatives of the Soviets are relaxing in their endeavours to create disorder. There has been a number of strikes in the industrial districts, called on the flimsiest of pretexts. Particularly is that the case in connection with the cotton mills, where, fortunately for the owners, surplus stocks would enable them to shut down for a few weeks in the present state of trade depression, did they desire. This undoubtedly proved a strong weapon in their hands, for they would have been able to face a lock out with no little equanimity. Possibly this was recognised by the agitators behind the strikes, for it is a significant fact that none of them lasted any appreciable length of time.

It has been suggested that these were more or less in the nature of balloons d'essai to discover the strength of the labour leaders in Shanghai; but this is probably incorrect. If it is not, then the labour leaders have nothing at the present moment of which to be proud.

In the meantime no little anxiety and a great deal of what is nothing more than a "wild story" has been created by the wild stories of what the Bolshevists intend to do in Shanghai during the next three years. That the Communists have some plans for Shanghai goes without saying. They regard Shanghai as the centre of British influence in China, and a place where a very shrewd blow could be struck which, if successful, would go a long way toward damaging British prestige and business. Indeed in a recent Communist speech Shanghai was spoken of as an important place from the Communist point of view. Whilst the authorities doubtless have a very fair idea of what the local Bolshevist is planning for the intelligence service in Shanghai is of a high order of efficiency—all manner of alarmist reports gain currency to the disquiet of the ordinary person in the street, until the "North China Daily News" rightly thought it necessary to do something to allay anxiety by a judiciously worded editorial.

The wildest story which gained currency was that on a night to be selected the Bolshevists would rise and seize the city. They would detail men to the houses of all the Volunteers, Police, and members of the various defence forces, and overpower them during the night; seize the women and children and place them in the buildings along the Bund to prevent the warships firing into the Settlement; and then hand the place over to sack. Quite a pretty little scheme, if it could be worked.

But there seem to be many objections to such a plan even from the Bolshevist point of view, which is the most important, for the foreign opinion on the subject can so well be imagined that it needs no description here. The other foreigners strongly disapprove of the idea, and possibly if any such attempt were made, would forcibly express their opinions on the matter. When we come to consider the large number of Bolshevists that would be needed to pick off every individual member of the defence forces, it becomes apparent that they would need a force of some thousands of men, and the maintenance of secrecy amongst such a body would be impossible. It is obvious that if the authorities obtained the slightest inkling of the plan, their precautions would be made accordingly. Then, again, there is little to be got out of it, except loot, and whilst Shanghai would be an attractive place to pursue so engrossing a pastime, it is more than likely that the Chinese merchants themselves, with large interests at stake, would be the first to disapprove. Nor is it possible to

WARSHIP'S CHASE.

CANTON'S WINDFALL OF WEAPONS.

MYSTERIOUS ERRANDS.

Suspected of being on an errand of mystery, two of the long rowing boats peculiar to the Holo (Swatow and district) seafarers, known in the vernacular as the "big eyed chicken" (because of the two glaring eyes painted on the bow), have been captured by a Canton warship, which discovered a very large quantity of arms and ammunition.

The gunboat "Kwong Kum" was on patrol, under orders from the Canton Government, in the Ping Ho district (which is in the Waichow prefecture). A signal to these two speedy boats to stop was ignored. A round was fired across their bows and a dinghy was put off.

Before the armed posse could catch up, those on board the rowing boats had taken to the sea. In the boats was found a large stock of weapons, including Mausers, and automatics, this being taken back to Canton.

TEST TRIP.

BOYCOTT ENDING IN AMOY?

B. AND S. CARGO LANDED.

News from Amoy during the holidays is that the first British steamer to arrive there with cargo, since the boycott pickets began activities, has been discharged.

The matter has been the main topic of conversation for some days and, in the opinion of the Chinese merchants, normal conditions are returning at that point.

It was the Chinese Navigation Co. s.s. "Ichang" which put in with a cargo of bean cake. Hitherto cargo in British bottoms had not been discharged nor loaded. Passengers, however, had been landed or permitted to embark, the majority being in connection with the coolie transport for southern ports.

On the first day, nothing was done. Then the merchants are believed to have pointed out that the cargo was a Chinese product, from a Chinese port, and for Chinese consumption. Friendly influences prevailed and the cargo was landed.

[Amoy is further North along the coast (from Hongkong) than Swatow. It is in the province of Fukien and not a part of Kwangtung. The present rulers of Fukien province cannot be described as antagonistic to, nor actually, in sympathy with, the Kuomintang of Canton.]

overlook the contention that the Bolshevists would gain little else from it, for doubtless the despatch of adequate foreign forces would soon rescue the city from their hands, leaving them with no permanent political gain.

Arrayed against the Bolshevists there are at present the Constitutional Defence League, and a Chinese anti-Bolshevist League, both organisations capable of doing useful work, with, however, this limitation, that a propaganda of discontent is easier to preach than one to the contrary. Possibly, therefore, they may both find their work more difficult than does the Communist, but provided, with sufficient money they may find means, not perhaps of averting trouble, but of minimising it when it does come.

Meanwhile we in Shanghai are watching the way the wind blows as the fated month of May draws near. There may, of course, be trouble, but believing it to be true that a watched pot never boils, your correspondent is not disinclined to believe that the month will pass off much more quietly than many at present anticipate. If it does not, possibly the opportunity of giving the Bolshevist comrade as shrewd a crack as he has received in the North and South would not come amiss, though the failure of his plans in those localities may cause him to walk a little more circumspectly up here.

SUMMER PYJAMAS



Cut specially for us on full free lines, that present tightness at any point and give full freedom of movement.

Light Weight Wool and Cotton mixture in smart patterns \$8.50 per suit.

Plain colour Zephyr with Short sleeves and Legs \$6.00 per suit.

We Allow 10% Discount
FOR CASH

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.
Men's Wear Specialists.
Alexandra Building,
Des Vaux Road.

Those who deal with us may be assured of the following advantages:
AIR PRICES
FRESH STOCK
FINE QUALITY
FAITHFUL SERVICES

TRAQUERIA FILIPINA

LEE GARDEN

(EAST POINT)

TEA DANCE

Every

SATURDAY

4.00—7.00 p.m.

\$1 per couple, tea included.

Tables can be booked.

THE BEST SCENES IN CHINA'S HISTORY AND ART HAVE BEEN REPRODUCED IN THIS GREAT PARK. ALSO VARIOUS SIDE SHOWS.

OPEN 10 a.m. to 11 p.m. English speaking guides for Europeans by arrangement. Private parties for exclusive, plain Chinese dinners can be fixed without notice. Trams stop at entrance. Motors can go up to dancing hall door.

JAMES S. MCKENZIE,
Tel. C 2244. Manager.

FOR SALE.

Spring Butterick

Spring Needle Art

Spring MoQall

Needle-work

Lands and Peoples

March Motion

Picture Classic

at

LEE YEE

No. 15, D'Aguiar Street,
HONGKONG.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Authorized Capital \$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid up \$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling £1,500,000
Silver \$2,000,000
Reserve Liability of \$20,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman
Messrs. A. G. Leong, Chairman

CHIEF MANAGER:
A. H. BARLOW, Esq.

Manager: Shanghai—G. H. STITT, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS:
Westminster Bank, Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in
LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED
DEPOSITS received for one year or
shorter periods in Local Currency and
Sterling on terms which will be quoted
on application.
Hongkong, 27th February, 1926.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is
conducted by the HONGKONG
AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORP-
ORATION. Rules may be obtained
on application.
INTEREST on deposits is calculated
on the lowest balance during each com-
pleted calendar month at 3% per cent.
per annum. Should there be no balance
on any day in a month no interest will
be allowed for that month.
Depositors may transfer at their
option Balances of \$100 or more to the
HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK
to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at
CURRENT RATES.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,
A. H. BARLOW,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 7th January 1926.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

HEAD OFFICE: 95, Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital Fr. 75,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital Fr. 63,400,000.00
Reserve Fund Fr. 69,687,283.84

BRANCHES:
Bangkok, Hongkong, Pondicherry,
Batavia, Canton, Peking, Shanghai,
Beijing, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong,
Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Mexico,
Nanking, Peking, Singapore, Soerabaya,
Tientsin, Yokohama.

IN FRANCE: Compagnie Nationale d'Escompte
de Paris, Credit Lyonnais, Banque de Paris
et des Pays-Bas, Credit Commercial de France,
Societe Generale.
IN LONDON: The National Provincial and
Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir
National d'Escompte de Paris, Credit Lyonnais
et des Pays-Bas, Credit Commercial de France,
Societe Generale.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and
Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange
Business transacted.

A. LECOT,
Manager.
Hongkong, 11th December, 1925.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL
MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

ESTABLISHED 1824.

HONGKONG BRANCH ESTABLISHED 1904.

Authorized Capital £150,000,000
Paid-Up Capital £80,000,000
Reserve Fund £20,000,000
Special Reserve £20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—Amsterdam.
BRANCHES:—

Batavia, Bencoolen, Bombay, Calcutta,
Canton, Cebu, Hongkong, Kobe, London,
Lyons, Manila, Mexico, Nanking, Peking,
Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS:
National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
Correspondents all over the world.
BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

J. C. MAASSEN,
Acting Manager.
Hongkong, 19th March, 1926.

THE
YOKOHAMA SPECIE
BANK, LTD.

Established 1880.

Capital (full paid-up) Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund Yen 85,000,000

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at:
Batavia, Bencoolen, Bombay, Calcutta,
Canton, Cebu, Hongkong, Kobe, London,
Lyons, Manila, Mexico, Nanking, Peking,
Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts
and Fixed Deposits. Terms on applica-
tion.
Every description of Banking Busi-
ness transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities.
Special facilities for Home Exchange.

G. ARIMA,
Manager.
Hongkong, 11th March, 1926.

THE BANK OF EAST
ASIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Authorized Capital \$10,000,000
Paid-up Capital \$5,000,000
Reserve Fund \$5,000,000

DIRECTORS:
Hon. Sir Shou-son Chow—Chairman.
Fung Ping Shan, Mok Ching Keng,
Li Koon Chun, Wong Yun Tong,
P. K. Kwok, Kwan Yung Po,
Ng Chung Lok, Kan Ying Po,
Fong Wai Ping, Chan Ching Shuk.
Every description of Banking and
Exchange business transacted. Loans
granted on approved securities.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES to let.
KAN TONG PO,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 9th February, 1926.

行銀商工法中

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pour le
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(Incorporated in France).

5, Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong.

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Capital Fr. 30,000,000
Reserve Fr. 10,000,000
Special Working Capital Fr. 30,000,000

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Paris, Lyons, Marseille,
Sourabaya, Hongkong, Tientsin,
Canton, Hankow.

BANKERS:
FRANCE: Societe Generale, Banque
Nationale de Credit, Banque de
Paris et des Pays-Bas.
LONDON: Midland Bank Ltd.
NEW YORK: Irving Bank Columbia
Trust Co.

Every description of Banking and
Exchange Business Transacted. Cor-
respondents throughout the world.
A. ROLLIN,
Manager.
Hongkong, 1st December, 1925.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF
INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.INCORPORATED BY ROYAL
CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund £4,000,000
Reserve Liability of Pro-
prietors £2,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General
Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year
or shorter period at rates which will be
quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON,
Manager.
Hongkong, 15th April, 1925.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

(Taiwan Ginko.)

Incorporated by Special Imperial
Charter, 1899.

Capital Subscribed Yen 45,000,000
Capital (Paid-up) Yen 39,375,000

HEAD OFFICE:—Taipei, Formosa.

BRANCHES:
JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe,
Osaka.
FORMOSA:—Gilan, Kagi, Karenton,
Keelung, Takoto, Nanto, Shin-
chiku, Taichu, Tainan, Takao,
Tamsui, Tuyen, Heitoh, Taitou.
CHINA:—Shanghai, Hankow, Amoy,
Foochow, Swatow, Canton.
OTHERS:—Hongkong, Singapore,
Soerabaya, Semarang, Batavia,
Bombay, London, New York,
Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:
London County Westminster and
Paris Bank.

The Bank has Correspondents in the Commercial
Centres in the European Continent, Russia, India,
Siam, China, Japan, Indo-China, Hong Kong,
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Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed
Deposits at rates which will be quoted on applica-
tion.

T. TAKAGI,
Manager.
Hongkong Branch:
8, Des Vaux Road Central.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1925.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Specially Authorized by Presidential
Mandate of the Republic of China
on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital \$50,000,000
Paid-up Capital \$18,278,800
Reserve Fund \$9,628,425.24

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

HONGKONG BRANCH:
4, Queen's Road Central.
Branches and Sub-branches all over
China and Correspondents in Europe,
America, and other parts of the world.
London Bankers:—The National Provincial
and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The Guaranty Trust Company of New
York.

New York Bankers:—The Irving
National Bank.
The Equitable Trust Company of New
York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts
and Fixed Deposits. Terms on applica-
tion.
Every description of Banking Busi-
ness transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities.
Special facilities for Home Exchange.

CHUYER FEL,
Manager.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

HAYTOR RUBBER.

Forty-five Per Cent. Dividend For
The Year.

The report of the directors of
Haytor Rubber Estates Ltd., for
the year ended December 31, 1925,
states that the accounts of the
company show a net profit of
\$101,308.15, to which must be
added the balance of \$6,410.19
brought forward from last ac-
count, making a total of \$107,718.34.

A first interim dividend of 12½
per cent. absorbing \$25,000, and
a second interim dividend of 10
per cent. absorbing \$20,000 were
paid on August 3 and November
20, 1925, respectively, leaving a
sum of \$62,718.34 available for
distribution. The directors re-
commend that this amount be
divided as follows:—Payment
of a final dividend of 22½ per
cent. \$45,000, transfer to general
reserve \$10,000, carry forward to
next account \$7,718.34.

The estate has been maintain-
ed in clear condition throughout
the year. The question of effi-
ciently draining the Estate is re-
cently attracting the attention of the Board,
and provision has been made in
the current year's Estimates for
the cutting of new drains. Pests
and diseases gave very little trou-
ble, all cases being promptly
treated.

TAPPING AND PRODUCTION.
The following is a comparative
statement of the results for the
past three years:—

	1923	1924	1925
Output lbs.	95,556	103,477	162,864
Average gross sell- ing price per lb.	1s. 3d.	1s. 3d.	2s. 0½d.
Net Profit	£11 10½d.	£14 10½d.	£44 4d.

The company's standard of pro-
duction for the third and fourth
restriction years ending October
31, 1925 and 1926, respectively,
was fixed at 187,449 lbs. This
assessment allowed of the export
during the year of 132,375 lbs.
at the minimum rate of duty.

Some difficulty has been experi-
enced in maintaining an adequate
labour force, but the manager
anticipates being able to recruit
sufficient coolies for the estate's
requirements in 1926. The labour
force at December 31, 1925 was
104 coolies. Health has been
satisfactory. Two sets of new
coolie lines were constructed dur-
ing the year. The board at pre-
sent consists of Hon. Mr. C.
Everitt (chairman), Mr. J. L.
Lonie and Mr. J. Murray. In
accordance with the provisions of
the articles of association Messrs.
J. L. Lonie and J. Murray retire,
but being eligible offer themselves
for re-election.

Auditors:—Messrs. Derrick and
Co., the retiring auditors offer
themselves for re-election.

THE PRU.

Big Asset Increase.

Total assets of £185,140,143, an
increase of £14,090,373, are shown
by the report for 1925 of the Pru-
dential Assurance Company.

The total income increased by
nearly 2½ millions last year to
£27,562,563, and the total surplus
arising from the life business was
£7,087,785, against £6,093,581.

This time £1,000,000, against
£500,000, has been carried to the
investments reserve funds, £250,000,
against £150,000, to the common
contingency fund, £23,935,045,
against £3,379,949, has been set
aside to provide for bonuses to the
Ordinary and Industrial branch
policy-holders, £250,000, against
£200,000, to the "A" shareholders,
£140,945, against £387,097 to the
superintendency and agency staff,
£167,979, against £86,022, to the
special contingency fund, and
£443,816, against £490,613, has
been carried forward.

The report contains a new scale
of bonuses, and states that the
bonuses now declared are guar-
anteed for the 10 years to March
1935.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF
INDIA, LTD.

15, Old Broad Street, London, E.C. 4.

Authorized Capital £25,000,000
Subscribed Capital £1,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,350,000

BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Hongkong, London,
Lyons, Madras, Manchester, Mexico,
Panama, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco,
Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya,
Tientsin, Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England, The Bank of
Scotland, The Bank of Ireland, The Bank
of Montreal, The Bank of New York,
The Bank of North America, The Bank
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PAX BRITANNICA.

ADMINISTRATION OF INDIAN STATE.

NO FLAGRANT MISRULE.

London, March 8.
Sir Robert Holland presided at a meeting of the East India Association, at the Carlton Hotel, Westminster, when a paper on "Some views of an Indian ruler on the administration of an Indian State" was read by Col. Peckford Luard.

Colonel Peckford Luard quoted freely the opinion of the late Maharajah of Gwalior, who, he said, was throughout his life devoted to his State and its administration, and remarked that what the Indian States were to do as a new democratic system developed in British India was a difficult question. The confederacy of states, which had often been suggested, seemed to him impracticable.

The Chamber of Princes, in which for the first time all the ruling Princes had been officially brought together showed, but too clearly what a class cleavage there was, but even this class cleavage was only temporary and internal jealousies and even ancient family feuds made any real mutual trust between individual rulers inconceivable. The States would therefore have to rely still more on the Government of India which would be obliged to take very special measures to obtain their integrity and the support of their loyal even more strictly than in the past.

Sir Robert Holland expressed his surprise that the late Maharajah of Scindia should have regarded the enforced abdication of the Maharajah Shriji Rao Holkar in 1925, and the denunciation in the Sabha case as blunders on the part of the Government of India. If a ruler failed in his duty to his people, the Government of India tried to lead him back to the right path by every conceivable means before resorting to anything that might damage him in the eyes of his subjects or his brother rulers.

Only after repeated warnings was there resort to some form of intervention. He felt that the Maharajah of Scindia did not think the matter out and deliberately shut his eyes to the discredit attaching to the order of Princes if the ruler were permitted to continue unchecked in his course of wrongdoing and grievous oppression of his subjects. He believed the real explanation could be found in the intense loyalty of the Maharajah of Scindia who saw that the preservation of the States of India as a whole depended upon the preservation of the British connection, postulating as he did for himself and his successors wholehearted co-operation with the Government of India. He could not conceive any circumstances in Gwalior calling for serious intervention.

In India there had been no trace of the divine right theory of kingship, the respective duties of the ruler and his people being summed up by Dharm.

The Pax Britannica having stopped revolts and inter-State wars, it could not be the shelter for flagrant misrule and must supply something to fill up the blank in the system it had caused. That something was the fear of deposition by the paramount power—"Times of Ceylon."

MISERY IN PEKING.

PEOPLE DRIVEN TO CRIME.

Peking, March 20.
On account of the high cost of living and increase of unemployment resultant from the prolongation of the war, a large number of the poor people have been driven to the adventurous trade of robbery and burglary to gain a living. During the last two months over 100 cases of highway robbery have been reported around the metropolitan suburban districts. The majority of the robbers were only armed with clubs, knives or spears, while things robbed were of little value, such as horses, donkeys, clothes and sundries. This shows clearly that these robbers are not professional and only driven to this desperate conditions.—Kuo Wen.

A well-known actor during a visit to an Irish town sent his dresser with a suit of evening clothes to a local repairer, with the instruction that it was "to be let out."

As it was indispensable that the suit should be ready before the evening's performance, he himself called for it.

"What about my clothes?" he asked.

"Most successful; most successful," replied the beaming tailor. "I've managed to let them out for a month at a shilling a week."

PEKING'S DEFENCE.

GENERAL LU TAKES ENTIRE RESPONSIBILITY.

SUGGESTED BUFFER STATE.

Peking, March 20.
Interviewed today by pressmen, both foreign and Chinese, General Lu Chang-hsin, after giving details as to the withdrawal of his troops from the front, declared that he would take the entire responsibility upon himself for maintaining peace and order in Peking. In response to the suggestion that to maintain peace and order in the capital, a buffer state should be established and that no troops belonging to any faction or party be allowed to remain here, General Lu stated that while it would be very easy for his troops to evacuate the capital, he believed that in reality it was impossible for him to comply with this suggestion. Notwithstanding, as he added, the matter was now wholly left to the discretion of Marshal Wang Shih-chun and other veteran statesmen.—Eastern N. A.

Pengtai Captured.
Tientsin, March 20.
The allied troops, on the night of the 17th, captured Pengtai. The 14th Kuomintang Army have declared independence, designating themselves as "the Chung-Yi-Chun" (Army of righteousness). The town, Tungchow, is in disorder and confusion owing to an attack by the Fengtien troops and the entry of the 9th Kuomintang Division.—Eastern N. A.

Ordered to Quit.
Peking, March 23.
General Li Ching-shan, troops, which pressed on to Peking, yesterday notified the Kuomintang forces to the effect that if the latter would evacuate Peking and vicinity without delay, there would be no attack upon them. Eastern N. A.

Occupation of Tungchow.
Mukden, March 20.
According to a despatch received here, Fengtien cavalry under the command of General Ma Chan, occupied Tungchow yesterday, after repulsing General Pang Chih-tung's troops.—Eastern N. A.

The Fall of Jehol.
Mukden, March 20.
Tatar General Sung Chao-yuan's troops, which were controlling Jehol, have, since the 25th instant, retreated to Chahar District, and therefore, Jehol has practically fallen into the hands of the Fengtien forces.—Eastern N. A.

CHINA COMMITTEE.

FORMER HONGKONG LAWYER A MEMBER.

The China Committee, the formation of which under the chairmanship of Lord Southborough our London correspondent announced in a recent letter, has now been enlarged and strengthened by the inclusion of Mr. Eugene Remsen, M.P., representing the Bradford Chamber of Commerce, Mr. J. Rankine Finlayson and Mr. W. Maxwell Reekie, representing the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. H. W. Looker, M.P., who was formerly a solicitor at Hongkong for many years, and now sits in the House of Commons as Member for the South-east Division of Essex. Our London correspondent writes that he is informed on the best authority that the formation of the China Committee is welcomed by the Foreign Office. It was set up by a group of Members of Parliament to watch over British interests in China and advise and assist the Government on matters connected with this country. It represents a multiplicity of interests outside politics which have connections with China, including the Federation of British Industries, the London Chamber of Commerce, the China Association, and many others.—"Shanghai Times."

Pancakes in the Menu.
Pancakes, as has so often been told, were in vogue in pre-Reformation days to use up the butter, cream, and eggs in the larder, these being forbidden foods during Lent. Recipes for pancakes are plentiful in the old cookery books. One edition I have of the famous Mrs. Hannah Glasse's classic gives six recipes, four for those of "a fine sort." As the supposedly plain kind is generous of eggs and milk and contains a glass of brandy it was not exactly meagre (observes a writer in the "Daily Mail.") Another edition I have of Mrs. Glasse's work contains nine pancake recipes, the last a "pink coloured one, a pretty corner dish for either dinner or supper." Bootroot juice is the colouring agent. Some of the old recipes meet the possibility of eggs being scarce. In that case the batter was made of flour, snail, beer, ginger, "etc." One I recall makes use of "clean snow." Sometimes the batter was "fried in olive oil so that animal fat should not be used."

PANTOMIME POLICE.

STAGE RIDICULE DETERS RECRUITS.

COMIC PAPER IDEAS.

"Some people, perhaps many people, take their impression of a policeman from the policeman of the pantomime and the comic paper, and it is quite possible that the chance of association with that picture and the ridicule attaching to it chokes off men whom a better understanding of police work might attract."

This is the opinion expressed by Sir Leonard Dunning, H.M. Inspector of Constabulary, in his annual report on the county and borough police forces of England and Wales, (Stationery Office, 9d.)

Sir Leonard in this instance is dealing with the vacancies existing on September 29, 1925, which were, he declares, more numerous than in pre-war years. Points from his report are:

The difficulty of finding men really suitable for appointment continues.

Those who have known the service from within... know the feeling, which is growing stronger in the service itself, against practices which keep the policeman lower down the social scale than his profession deserves.

Humiliating Tips.

Police duty is... performed because it is duty, and not with any view to rewards, gratuities, Christmas boxes, free food and drink, or tips under any name... Acceptance of such favours puts the recipient into a position of social inferiority to the given, of which a policeman should be ashamed.

My own personal impression is that, though crimes against the person generally are decreasing, some few, particularly offences against girls under 16, are increasing, and that crimes against property, especially those of dishonesty accompanied by any violence, are increasing fast.

WOMAN'S LOOKS.

PINCHED FACE, OPEN EYES, OF TO-DAY.

Sir Harry Baldwin, surgeon-jurist to the King, lecturing at the Institute of Hygiene, made an unfavourable comparison of the face of the modern woman with that of a woman living in the Tudor period. Sir Harry said:

An examination of the wonderful portraits and drawing of personages of the Tudor period by Holbein, at Windsor Castle, will reveal that not one shows evidence of the contracted jaw, pinched nostrils, and blankly staring eyes of the modern subject.

For a typical example of a woman of the modern diathesis, look in the exhibition of works by the late John Sargent now on view at the Royal Academy.

The eyes are wide open and expressionless; the whole nose, especially the region of the nostrils, is pinched and obviously inadequate to supply the requirements of normal nasal respiration; the mouth is somewhat open; the jaws are contracted and the teeth prominent. This woman is a well-marked example of what is characteristic of a great part of our nation at the present time.

Slang in Business.

The business letter of to-day is frequently, it is critics say, expressed in quite the crudest way.

And has a slangy touch; And when recipients have to file a missive in colloquial style it does not tend to make them smile. It wounds them very much.

Can this, perchance be the result of striving by the business cult. Weary of prolix and list, and ult.

And many a formal word, Not willfully to get our goat, But all their efforts to devote To striking a more human note Than has as yet been heard?

Have not we voiced the bitter cry That British business men should try

To get in touch with those who buy And scrap a hide-bound creed? So, if they choose to say, "Right O!" We have the goods and it's a go, I can forgive them if they show Some sense of what I need.

—Touchstone, in the "Daily Mail"

Helen had been taking a good deal of interest in the men putting bands on fruit trees to trap the insects, and she had also asked a good many questions.

A few weeks later when she was in the city with her mother, she noticed a man with a mourning band on his arm.

"Mamma," she asked, "what does he do to keep them crawling up his other arm?"

BRITISH ART.

SIR J. DUVEEN'S APPEAL.

PRIME MINISTER'S SYMPATHY.

Sir Joseph Duveen, of the firm of art dealers, in a letter to the Prime Minister, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, appealing for encouragement of British art and artists, has written recently:

It is not the popular and highly paid portrait painter about whom I am here concerned and for whom I would enlist your sympathy; it is the very much larger number of the unfamed but skilful craftsmen in all the arts who lack the support which they deserve to receive.

I am not asking for money or for the creation of any public fund. Even more important to artists than money is the encouragement arising from a sympathetic attention to their efforts. On that alone, however, they cannot live. Their work must find purchasers if they are to be put in position to produce more.

Mr. Baldwin's Relatives.

The Prime Minister's reply was: I have read your letter with much interest and complete sympathy. I do not feel competent to offer opinions of any value on the position in France and the United States as compared with the position here, but I should like to lend such support as I am able to any movement likely to help the living British artist and craftsman.

A few months ago, when addressing the Artists' Benevolent Institution, I ventured to endorse in advance the views you so convincingly put forward. I remember the early struggles of relatives and friends of mine in days gone by, and the recollection naturally makes me wish to join in helping the neglected artist of to-day.

I am not sure how we can best quicken artistic appreciation and energy beyond praise of the living to the purchase of their works. You and others will perhaps have thought of ways, in which this can be done.

The Government is helping to encourage the village craftsman through the Development Commission; a Fine Art Commission is giving valuable advice to local and other authorities in the matter of buildings new and old.

But the widespread encouragement of the individual artist by stimulating the public to buy his work is a campaign which can best be carried out by voluntary effort. And such effort I shall most heartily welcome and support.

MUMTAZ BEGUM.

DELIGHTED AT MAHARAJA'S DOWNFALL.

Amritsar, March 4.

The news of the abdication of the Maharaja of Indore was conveyed to Mumtaz Begum, who was delighted and stated that she had been expecting this to happen since her return from Bombay.

Mumtaz Begum has been living a quiet life—almost in purdah—with her parent, and has now married Abdur Rahaman, aged 28, a rich skin merchant and a Municipal Commissioner. He fell in love with Mumtaz Begum two months ago.

The marriage was quietly solemnised in a private house and they intend shortly to proceed to Europe.

EVEREST.

REPORT OF ABANDONMENT DENIED.

London, March 4.

Sir Francis Younghusband denies the report that the Everest Expedition this year has been abandoned. Interviewed he said: "We have not yet definitely decided to send out the Everest Expedition, so the news of this alleged Tibetan happening cannot affect us in any way."

"Times of Ceylon."

Mr. Arthur Ponsonby, a member of the British aristocracy who joined the Labour Party and was a member of the first Labour Cabinet as Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, has now become an absolute pacifist. (His father was General the Right Hon. Sir Henry Ponsonby, and his mother was a granddaughter of Earl Grey.) Mr. Ponsonby recently published a book urging the people to refuse to take up arms in the next war, and he is now circulating copies of a letter to the Prime Minister, which he asks people to sign, containing the following pledge:

"We, the undersigned, convinced that all disputes between nations are capable of settlement either by diplomatic negotiations or by some form of International Arbitration, hereby solemnly declare that we shall refuse to support or render war service to any Government which resorts to arms."

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in which foods keep fresh for days

Just a few degrees below the temperature of the ordinary ice-cooled refrigerator is a colder zone that affects the keeping of food in a startling way. It is the zone where moisture crystallizes out of the air as frost, leaving the atmosphere dry, crisp and snappy.

up" until they almost fall apart at the touch of the fork. Meats mellow and acquire that delicious tenderness that few cooks obtain.

The hostess who serves Kelvinated foods is constantly complimented on their deliciousness. She need not worry whether her refrigerator is at the proper temperature—that is all taken care of. Ice, moreover, is still available for use as Kelvinator freezes crystal-clear cubes for chilling beverages and other table purposes. Kelvinator can be installed in your present refrigerator.

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SURGICAL TRIUMPH.

GIRL PARALYSED NOW ABLE TO WALK.

After being unable to walk for twelve years, Miss Bertha Johnston, of Newcastle, is now able to walk round her ward in the Loyal Naval Orthopaedic Hospital, Great Portland Street, W., with the aid of a stick. She has been suffering from infantile paralysis since the age of seven. Admitted to the hospital in March of last year, she has since undergone five operations and received other expert treatment, and recently the surgeons' success was first tested. She was taken from her bed and put on her feet with a small knee support and crutches. A few days later she was walking round the ward.

The girl is overcome with gratitude and pleasure and is longing to go home. Meanwhile the hospital is experiencing great difficulty in securing the necessary funds to provide more beds for similar cases all over the country.

In order to encourage the scientific study of Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering, the Committee of Lloyd's Register have for many years granted Scholarships to assist advanced students in these subjects. Twenty-three such Scholarships, each tenable for three years, are now provided by the Committee. Twenty of these are specially assigned to the Universities of Glasgow, Durham, Liverpool, Tokyo and Michigan, and the Massachusetts School of Technology, Boston, U.S.A.; while three are awarded through the Institute of Marine Engineers, London, and may be held at any approved University or other centre of advanced technical education. Application for particulars concerning the scholarships should be addressed to the Registrars or Secretaries of the various Universities and Institutions.

TO BAG PLANES.

INVENTION OF JAPANESE BARBER.

Mr. Eiichi Yamada, a barber, and his son Mr. Tomoe Yamada, of Kamakura have invented a method of shooting down aeroplanes without failure and presented their invention to the Admiralty of Yokosuka Naval Port on March 13.

The adjutant of the Admiralty has stated that the method is a very good one not inferior to those of experts and that when the method is completed it will contribute much merit in the actual operation of fighting.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per s.s. "Sarpedon" for London via Singapore and Marseilles, on April 7:—Hon. and Mrs. P. H. Holyoak, Miss D. Holyoak, Miss J. Holyoak, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Taylor, Capt. and Mrs. J. H. and Mrs. K. S. Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Irvine, Mr. and Mrs. V. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. H. Griffin, Miss Carver, Mrs. Alex. Mackenzie, Dr. T. W. Pearce, Mr. W. W. Mackenzie, Mr. J. E. Barrow, Mr. and Mrs. D. Taylor, Mr. P. M. Blum, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. E. Adams, Mr. B. Van Wingen, Mr. S. O. Shahabuddin, Mr. and Mrs. C. Bowling, Miss Bowling, Mr. H. Cheatham, Mr. A. T. Downie, Capt. and Mrs. Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. Frazer, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson, Miss Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. Heath, Mr. and Mrs. Little, Miss Simpson, Mr. J. Mason, Mr. J. Parkin, Mr. and Mrs. Peck, Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers, Mr. J. Stephenson, Mr. H. Surrey, Miss Spink, Mrs. H. Tisdall, and Mr. L. G. E. Ramage.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. THERAPION NO. 1 THERAPION NO. 2 THERAPION NO. 3

No. 1 for Rheumatism, No. 2 for Gout, No. 3 for Skin Diseases. No. 4 for Chronic Nephritis. No. 5 for Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder. No. 6 for Chronic Catarrh of the Prostate. No. 7 for Chronic Catarrh of the Uterus. No. 8 for Chronic Catarrh of the Vagina. No. 9 for Chronic Catarrh of the Cervix. No. 10 for Chronic Catarrh of the Endometrium. No. 11 for Chronic Catarrh of the Ovaries. No. 12 for Chronic Catarrh of the Fallopian Tubes. No. 13 for Chronic Catarrh of the Peritoneum. No. 14 for Chronic Catarrh of the Pleura. No. 15 for Chronic Catarrh of the Pericardium. No. 16 for Chronic Catarrh of the Lungs. No. 17 for Chronic Catarrh of the Trachea. No. 18 for Chronic Catarrh of the Bronchi. No. 19 for Chronic Catarrh of the Larynx. No. 20 for Chronic Catarrh of the Pharynx. No. 21 for Chronic Catarrh of the Esophagus. No. 22 for Chronic Catarrh of the Stomach. No. 23 for Chronic Catarrh of the Duodenum. No. 24 for Chronic Catarrh of the Jejunum. 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"DELTA"	8,097	15th April	Singapore, Penang, Colbo & Bombay
"DEVANAGARI"	8,155	17th April	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KALYAN"	9,144	20th April	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"AURORE"	6,273	27th April	Singapore, Penang, Colbo & Bombay
"MAURITIA"	11,089	1st May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KASGAR"	8,005	24th May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"MALWA"	10,941	24th May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"BYBER"	8,114	24th June	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KARNATA"	10,902	24th June	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KARNATA"	8,128	10th July	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"RANPURA"	10,905	24th July	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"DELTA"	8,097	7th Aug.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"MAURITIA"	11,089	21st Aug.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KALYAN"	9,144	4th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"MALWA"	10,941	18th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KASGAR"	8,005	2nd Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp

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BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

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"SANTHA"	7,764	29th April	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"ARAFURA"	8,000	10th April	Manila, Kolambagan, Sandakan
"ST ALBANS"	4,500	1st May	Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"TANDA"	8,958	1st June	do.

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SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"SANTHA"	7,764	8th April	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"PERIM"	7,448	10th April	Shanghai & Kobe
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	10th April	Moji, Kobe and Yokohama
"KASGAR"	8,005	16th April	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TALMA"	10,000	20th April	Kobe
"KEYBER"	8,114	24th April	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TANDA"	8,958	8th May	Moji, Kobe and Yokohama
"MALWA"	10,941	14th May	Shanghai
"MANUALA"	10,902	24th May	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"PADU"	8,071	30th May	Shanghai & Kobe
"KARNATA"	10,905	11th June	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"DELTA"	8,097	11th June	Shanghai and Kobe
"ARAFURA"	8,000	12th June	Moji, Kobe and Yokohama
"KASGAR"	8,005	15th June	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"RANPURA"	10,941	22nd July	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MAURITIA"	11,089	8th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"KALYAN"	9,144	19th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	2nd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"KASGAR"	8,005	16th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MOREA"	10,918		

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DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN
CHINA COAST FIGURE.

NOTEWORTHY CAREER.

The "North China Daily News"

of April 1 reports:

The many friends of Capt.
Frederick H. Wallace will learn
with sorrow that he passed away
yesterday afternoon at 158, Edin-
burgh Road, having been uncon-
scious since Tuesday.

The late Capt. Wallace was
born in London on November,
1848, and was therefore in his
78th year.

He served in France during the
Franco-German War in 1870 in,
we are informed, a medical capacity,
and he joined the "China
Merchants' S. N. Co. in 1873.

In 1884 Capt. Wallace was for-
about a year attached to the
French Navy as China Coast
Pilot and subsequently was in
command of the "Panthia," sailing
between Hongkong and Vancouver
for the Canadian Pacific Railway,
who at that time had two other
vessels, the "Abyssinia" and
"Batavia," similarly employed.

These three vessels were old
Cunarders and had been taken
over by the Fairfield Shipbuilding
Co., Glasgow, in part payment
of new vessels for the Cunard
Fleet by whom they were placed
on the Pacific run in conjunction
with the C. P. R. They were re-
placed by the three Empresses—
China, India, and Japan in 1891.

Capt. Wallace rejoined the
China Merchants' service in 1890
and retired in March, 1923. In
1883 he was in command of the
"Chi-yuen," trading between
Amoy, Hongkong, Singapore and
Penang, a run long since aboli-
shed by the China Merchants' Co.,
but he will best be remembered
as Master of the "Panthia," which
he commanded for nearly 25
years.

He married, on November 8,
1878, Miss Emily Buyers, whose
father had the Dock at Singapore.
Mrs. Wallace pre-deceased her
husband, having died on July 28,
1919, and they are survived by a
family of five daughters and two
sons, to all of whom we extend
sincere sympathy.

Capt. Wallace was a member of
the Shanghai Club and the Race
Club, and his death removes a
well known figure from our midst,
although since his retirement in
1923 very little had been seen of
him owing to the poor state of his
health.

The cremation will take place
to-day at the Bubbling Well
Cemetery.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

Goods arrived by s.s. "Kath-
lambea," remaining undelivered
after April 12, will be subject to
rent. Agents—The Bank Line Ltd.

There was a dramatic moment
during service at St. Andrew's on
Sunday, March 28, when, in the
course of an eloquent sermon the
Rev. Mr. Ewing rose to the
fervent climax of simile. Point-
ing to the electric light he said:
"You can put that light out," and
out went the light, and Penang
was in semi-darkness for half an
hour, owing to the mistake of a
native operator at the power
station to which the Penang elec-
tric lighting service is being
transferred.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS
AND PASSENGERS.

VESSELS DUE.

FROM DALNY AND AMOY.

FROM SHANGHAI.

FROM SINGAPORE.

FROM MANILA.

FROM CALCUTTA.

FROM SYDNEY & MELBOURNE.

FROM SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.

FROM LONDON.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

FROM HAMBURG.

FROM COPENHAGEN.

FROM EUROPEAN PORTS.

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FROM SYDNEY & MELBOURNE.

THE SPIRIT OF CHEERFULNESS.

Cheerfulness is largely a matter of outlook. The world is never such a bad place if thoughts dwell on its bright side. After all the happiest life is made up of working hard, playing hard, and rightly appreciating upon suitable occasion the really helpful partnership of

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"WHITE LABEL" & "VICTORIA VAT"

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BIRTH.

ALLAN.—On March 25, at the
Maternity Home, Penang, to
Mr. and Mrs. John G. Allan
of Malakoff, P.W., a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

BURLES — BAKER. — At St.
Andrew's Church, Penang, on
March 25, Donald Burles, of
Tampin Linggi Estate,
Rantau, N.S., to Doris Le
Maitre Baker, of Thorpe Bay,
Essex.

DEATHS.

FARRELL.—At the General Hos-
pital, Singapore, on March 29,
John Edward Farrell, of the
Singapore Pilot Association,
aged 58 years.

GLASS.—On March 29 at 191,
Rangoon Road, Singapore,
Maria Susan Glass, 53 years,
beloved wife of Mr. Thomas
R. Glass, late of the Health
Department, Singapore Muni-
cipality.

Hongkong, Wednesday, April 7, 1926.

ABSOLUTELY SHOCKING!

It is not before time that public
attention has been called to what
Dr. Koch described at the meeting
of the Sanitary Board yesterday
as a "very shocking state of
affairs" at Repulse Bay. It is to
be hoped that both his series of
really pertinent questions and the
official replies to them will at once
arouse the public conscience and
at the same time impel the
authorities to abolish once and for
all the system of matsheds that
would not be tolerated one
moment in any modern civilised
seaside resort.

It is peculiar, to say the least,
that on the general question of
bathing facilities and bathing
amenities all over the Colony, the
Government has always been in-
clined to take the line of least re-
sistance. It has been conserva-
tive to an appalling degree. It
has never shown the slightest
anxiety to reform where reform
is urgently called for, until it has
literally been prodded into action
by public opinion. As the

guardians of the public health it
has ignored the canons of
hygiene in regard to the erection
of these matsheds at Repulse Bay
and elsewhere. It has contented
itself with merely issuing permits
for their erection, and has cared
not one farthing whether there
was the slightest effort toward
preserving symmetry or whether
the subsequent conditions were
such as to invite the seven
plagues of Egypt to descend on
the beaches and thence to the
whole Colony.

There is no supervision of the
interior of the matsheds, the con-
ditions of which may, for all the
authorities know or care, be a
standing menace to health. There
is no urinal or latrine accommoda-
tion on or near the beach at
Repulse Bay. And yet the
authorities have to admit that al-
though the question of abolishing
these matsheds was raised some
time ago "it was not considered
advisable or necessary to abolish
them at present."

The matter cannot be narrowed
down to the fact that only those
who can afford the cost can erect
matsheds. That is beside the
point entirely. What cannot and
must not be lost sight of is that
these matsheds constitute distinct
eyesores and a standing disgrace.
Permission for their promiscuous
erection ought never to have been
granted in the first place. But,
such permission having been
granted, it was certainly the
business of the authorities to en-
sure even elementary hygienic
conditions. If the tenant of an
ordinary flat in town does not pro-
vide himself with a dust-
bin he at once renders
himself liable to prosecu-
tion in the interests of the health
of the community. And yet the
authorities can go on year after
year knowing full well the lack of
decent facilities in or near the
beach at Repulse Bay and they
move not a finger either to pro-
vide such or insist on such being
provided.

It is time that the Government
was moved out of its lethargy.
Dr. Koch has set the ball rolling
in no unmistakable manner. If
the Government is content still to
sit on the fence and do nothing it
becomes the duty of the public to
demand immediate action.

There ought, in the first place,
to be no need whatever for mat-
sheds to be erected by private in-
dividuals who thereby are techni-
cally invested with the rights
of proprietorship over a public
beach. The Government should
abolish the matshed system al-
together and itself erect suitable
bathing boxes, which it could pro-
vide with the necessary
decencies, and which it could
hire out by the day or
week or month. Even those
who now have to go to the
expense of erecting their own
matsheds would regard this as a
considerable improvement on the
present deplorable state of affairs.

The bathing boxes would be the
property of the Government, and
the Government would be enabled
to exercise proper control over the
interiors. This, of course, has
been suggested in this paper many
times before. It has only been
emphasised afresh by the discus-
sion at the Sanitary Board meet-
ing yesterday afternoon.

A last word—if the Government
is still content to maintain its
indifferent attitude, then why can-
not it call tenders for the erection
of modern bathing boxes, re-
gulate the scale of charges, and
ensure that hygienic conditions
obtain both in the bathing boxes
and on the beaches? It is fond of
giving out that it dislikes merely
destructive criticism. Here is
something in the way of construc-
tive criticism if it will only have
the courage to act, instead of let-
ting the question drift year after
year.

HONGKONG DULL.

At odd periods it breaks out—
this cry that Hongkong is dull.
There is nowhere to go—"only
the cinemas." From which it is
to be gathered that it is in the
entertainment line that the Colony
does not "fill the bill" and that as
a consequence the evening hours
are difficult to dispose of—to say
nothing of Sundays and holidays.
Outside the theatre as a settled
fixture, opened each night with
theatrical attractions—a venture
for which the merest financial
type would have no hesitation in
predicting failure—there remains
—what? The word Cabaret often
flouts in the air when this sub-
ject raises its head, and the mind
is asked to conjure up visions of a
seemingly gay Shanghai where the
people are care-free and happiness
is theirs for the asking. The
worst thing about the pursuit of
pleasure is its costliness, and some
economists and quite a lot of
moralists, are prepared to prove
that the returns are inadequate.
Still, if people want cabarets
there is probably no reason why
they shouldn't have them. They
have to overcome whatever
scruples the Government may have
on the matter, and to convince
those who may be inclined to
organise such things, that gen-
erous support will be forthcoming.
It is reasonable to suppose that
the dinner dances which are a
feature of the Colony's well-
managed hotels, suffice, and that
there is not a sufficient community
to support the glare and glitter of
gilded shows. We are not our-
selves convinced that Hongkong is
a dull place. Nature has limited
our area and fashioned our form,
and these have a direct bearing on
the question at issue. It would
be quite permissible to suggest
that those who argue that this
place is dull, reflect their own
mentality. Whilst the Colony's
roads seem to have been built
primarily for motorists, the
pedestrian has rights of usage,
whilst there still remain forestry
paths, hills and valleys. A day
can be filled in quite comfortably.
As for evenings, there are books
and papers, whilst it must be a
forlorn person unable to find
congenial intercourse with friends,
or topics of discussion that leave
out for nonce the rise and fall
and the accumulation of the dollar.

NEW RAILWAYS.

LINKING UP PEKING AND
CANTON.

In connection with Lord
Willington's visit to Hankow, the
"Hankow Herald" writes regard-
ing the disposal of the British
portion of the Boxer Indemnity:—
Preponderance of Chinese opinion
will most certainly be found heav-
ily in favour of the motor road
and railway plan. Provided that
the railway and motor road plan
is carried, the next question which
would confront those concerned
with the disposition of these
funds is the determination of
which districts are to be favoured.
It would seem logical that the
completion of the Yueh-Han line
would be of first importance,
since it requires but 275 additional
miles of railway below Changsha
effectively to link by rail the cities
of Peking and Canton—the fir-
est north with the extreme south of
China, which incidentally would
create speedy transportation be-
tween Peking and the British
colony of Hongkong as well.

NEW PROPAGANDA.

SOVIET DISCOVERING DESIGNS
BY AMERICA.

ATTEMPT TO CURRY FAVOUR
IN CHINA.

Harbin, March 21.
Soviet propagandists have, in
recent months, striven hard to
convince the Japanese in the
columns of the Bolshevik press, of
the necessity of a complete accord
between the Japanese Empire and
Soviet Russia if the former wishes
to be sure of a firm footing on
the Asiatic mainland, so as to en-
sure an uninterrupted supply of
commodities of urgent necessity
when the long-heralded American-
Japanese war breaks out. Through
the means of diverse deductions,
Soviet propagandists seek to prove
that America is for ever on the
lookout for an opportunity to
"snuff out the Japanese." These
propagandists assert that the
United States and Japan would
have gone to war long before this
but for the temporary set-back
that Japan received through the
occurrence of the great earthquake
disaster of September 1, 1923.

The propaganda is now renewed
with redoubled energy, hand-in-
hand with the efforts of the Soviet
Government to regain the con-
fidence of the Chinese after the
recent Chinese Eastern Railway
escapade. It is interesting to
observe that it is America that is
represented as the aggressor and
not the Japanese Empire. It is
believed here that this is due to the
anxiety of the Soviet Government
to soft-soap the Government at
Tokyo into believing that the
Bolsheviks are anxious to become
good friends of the Japanese and
to support them against any dis-
play of foreign aggression,
whereas, in reality, the Soviet
Government is merely seeking to
gain certain privileges from the
Japanese Government through the
means of promises which it has no
intention to fulfill.

An Ingenious Argument.

Just how the United States would
eventually go to war with Japan is
explained in rather an ingenious
manner. The first argument is the
over-increasing Japanese popula-
tion. The propagandists say that
the Japanese Government is secretly
subsidizing Japanese settlers in
Manchuria and that, ever since the
passage of the Amendment to the
American Emigration Bill, the num-
ber of Japanese settlers in Man-
churia has increased on a large
scale. "This increase is likely to
continue proportionately with the
increase in the population of Japan
proper, and it would mean, in the
end, that the American trade in
Manchuria would be reduced to a
minimum. In order to ensure an
uninterrupted supply of necessary
commodities, the Japanese Govern-
ment will encourage its subjects to
monopolize Manchuria markets.
On the pretext that Japan's fight
for existence was a flagrant breach
of the Open Door agreement be-
tween the Powers interested in
China, the Washington Government
would eventually deliver such an
ultimatum to Japan, the terms of
which no self-respecting govern-
ment could accept—"certainly not
the samurai of the Island Empire."

How, then, could Japan emerge
victorious from an armed conflict
with the United States? The
Soviet propagandists reply to this
question by affirming that a sym-
pathetic Russia could thwart any
attempt to infringe the neutrality
of China. The Chinese, in their
piousness of transition, from an
autocracy to a democracy, have
been fighting among themselves for
so many years that they are not
likely to be strong enough to main-
tain their neutrality in case either
the United States or Japan finds it
necessary to create a base in China
from which to operate against the
enemy. Soviet Russia, being a
friend of China, would not permit
any Power to infringe China's
neutrality, and would certainly go
to the length of assisting China
with armed resistance. In such
an event, one of the combatants
would find two enemies on his
hands.

What Will Happen.

The propagandists argue that it
is the Americans who will seek to
violate the neutrality of China.
The American forces operating
against Japan must have a base
near by and, they say, it stands to
reason that within a couple of
weeks at the most, of the outbreak
of the American-Japanese war, the
Philippines and Hawaii and, of
course, Guam, would fall into
Japanese hands. The American
fleet will consequently establish a
base in China, from which to attack
Japan and recapture the lost pos-
sessions.

"ALL'S WELL."

LOCAL STEAMER'S MAIDEN
VOYAGE.

CONFUSING MESSAGE.

Confusion in ship names (which
are more or less similar) led to
inquiries this morning concerning
the China coast. As far as is
known, "all's well" and there is no
cause for alarm.

On arrival here from the North,
the China Navigation Co. "Sui Wo"
added to her Harbour Office report:
April 5 (Monday), 9 p.m., passed
"Sui Wo" off Kap Chi Point—
signalled report all well to-morrow
Indo-China.

From the Indo-China S. N. Co.,
it was gathered that the "Sui Wo"
was on the Yangtze River. The
ship meant was the "Slang Wo,"
(built by the Kowloon Dock Co.)
which left Hongkong on Sunday on
its maiden voyage for Shanghai.
The local office believed that
nothing was amiss and that the
message was only a part of mari-
time routine. Their own boat, the
"Fooksang" had also brought in a
similar message.

ROBBERIES.

On the pretext of having come
to rent a cubicle, armed robbers
made a haul of property to the
value of over \$100 at No. 236,
Queen's Road Central, yesterday
afternoon.

Three men were concerned in
the robbery, one of whom
threatened the inmates with a
revolver while the others bound
and gagged them with towels
found in the house.

In another attempted robbery
by two men, who were apparently
unarmed, on the first floor of No.
85, Jardine's Bazaar, also in the
afternoon, a youthful inmate of
the house struggled with one of
the robbers who was engaged in
binding a victim. They promptly
bolted from the house.

EX-CANTON GOVERNOR.

(Wah Tsz Yat Po.)

Canton, April 6.

A private telegram says that Mr.
Hu Han-min (former Governor of
Canton) is expected in Shanghai in
a few days (from Moscow?) but
that he will stay in Shanghai to see
how things are before returning
to Canton.

General Chang Kai-shek has tele-
graphed Mr. Hu Han-min, urging
him to return to Canton quickly.

as she remains a friend of Soviet
Russia, she could rely upon Russian
assistance. On the other hand,
should Japan, during the interval
prior to the outbreak of the war
with America, seek to run against
Russian interests in the Far East,
she would in all probability be
attacked in the rear while the
Americans make their presence felt
at the other end.

Much the same arguments have
been advanced in the official organ
of the Chinese Eastern Railway,
and Comrade V. I. Surin, in an
article entitled "The Pacific Pro-
blem and Northern Manchuria,"
goes somewhat further by suggest-
ing that the only way for Japan
to ensure herself of a friendly
Russia would be to cease establish-
ing an enhanced stronghold in
Manchuria. The show is given
away in the following paragraph
in Comrade Surin's article:—
"Russia cannot remain in-
different to the construction of
lines of railway that openly menace
the security of her Far Eastern
domains, and she must needs un-
dertake measures to prevent this
particular phase of activity from
overlapping the confines of certain
boundaries."

War Useful To Harbin.

The Russians live on excitement
and Harbin is no exception. Any
hint of a possible war is always
received with great eagerness.
Harbin has always profited from
warfare. The Russo-Japanese war
created it from a position of ex-
treme unimportance into a city of
no mean dimensions. The Great
War made many of its residents
millionaires overnight. The
Siberian Adventure of the Powers
added to its wealth. With the com-
ing of the Bolshevik and the
consolidation of private wealth in
Siberia, many of the Harbin elite
suffered severe financial reverses.
The Chinese political situation in
Manchuria has caused no addition
to existing wealth, except in very
isolated cases, and for this reason
the Russians, with no prosperous
pre-occupation on hand, are always
on the look-out for some fresh in-
ternational event that portends
war over conflicting interests.
"N.C. Daily News."

GOLD DISCOVERIES.

CONSIDERABLE STIR CREATED AT HOME.

CONCESSIONS IN PANAMA.

(British Wireless Service.)

Rugby, April 6.
Considerable interest has been aroused by statements which have recently been published regarding gold discoveries in Panama.

This evening an official announcement was made by Mr. Duncan Elliot Alves, who is prominently connected with oil enterprises in Venezuela. Mr. Alves told how the Government of Panama granted to him a special concession covering Venezuela, in the North of Panama. Further negotiations resulted in another concession being granted in the southern part of Panama. The total area of these concessions is approximately 4,000 square miles.

Original Syndicate.
The original syndicate responsible for the instigation of this enterprise consisted of prominent British and American financiers including Lieut. Colonel Sol Joel, the South African mining magnate, and Sir Alfred Mond.



On the Atlantic side of the divide gravel beds have been discovered which, in the opinion of engineers, contain an abundance of alluvial gold.

An area of about 18 square miles has now been explored, and shown to have a gold bedding. The total area of this type amounts to about 300 square miles, which it is expected will show similar results.

WHAT CONCESSION PROVIDES.
Granted in Perpetuity.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, April 6.
A British expedition's discovery of a rich gold reef in Panama and concessions granted to British interests for its exploitation form the theme of an extraordinarily interesting announcement by Mr. Elliott Alves, Chairman of the Panama Corporation.

The concessions cover an area of approximately 5,000 square miles and provide, after ten years, for the exploration of all areas selected by the concessionaires and to be theirs in perpetuity.

First for British.

The expedition was made on behalf of a syndicate of British business men, including Lieut. Col. Solly Joel, Sir Alfred Mond, and his son, Mr. Henry Mond, M.P.

The concessions granted by the Government of Panama are the first of this kind ever granted to British interests. A decree has now been promulgated preventing similar concessions in future.

The concessionaires will not be taxed, but merely obliged to pay a royalty of two per cent. on the gold exported and construct the necessary roads and bridges.

Speculative Meantime.

Mr. Alves emphasised that the enterprise, although apparently of immense value, must be speculative till the engineers have opened up the area and proved whether the discoveries are what the Panama Corporation believed.

Franco-American Interests.

London, later.
The Panama Corporation is at present in process of formation with a capital of £2,000,000. According to Mr. Alves' statement it includes powerful French and American financial interests.

Mr. Duncan Elliot Alves.

Mr. Duncan Elliot Alves was born in Dunedin, New Zealand, in 1870, his father being Mr. John Alves, a civil engineer of Dunedin, and Melbourne. He was educated privately. He was the founder of the Imperial scheme for securing and building up the oil position and reserves of oil for British naval and national purposes; is deeply interested in assisting in creating an entente between Great Britain and Latin America; assisted in the foundation of a Chair of Oil Technology at Birmingham University.

CASE FOR "WETS."

BRIBERY AND EXTORTION PREVALENT.

OFFICIAL'S CONFESSION.

(Reuter's American Service.)

Washington, April 6.
A dense crowd jammed the Committee-room for the judiciary investigation into Prohibition.

Mr. Andrews, Assistant Secretary of State, imperiously parried a bombardment of questions.

He confessed that since Prohibition was enacted 30 new denaturing plants had been discovered and 200 Prohibition employees had been discharged owing to bribery and extortion.

He admitted that liquids like anti-septic mixtures and embalming fluids were redistilled extract of alcohol.

RACIAL FEUDS.

POLICE PELTED WITH MISSILES.

OUTPOST ATTACKED.

Calcutta, April 5.
Except for the troops which are still patrolling the streets there is little evidence this morning of the inter-communal rioting. Trams and buses are running normally and business is in full swing. The Police claim the whole city is now quiet.

In the final outbreak of rioting last night, when 400 Mohammedan hoodlums attacked a police outpost, the police were pelted with a veritable rain of missiles. Reinforcements came up and drove off the assailants by revolver fire, killing one and wounding four.

Four Days' Casualties.

Calcutta, April 6.
The casualties as the result of the four days' rioting between the Hindus and Muslims so far are 25 killed and 400 wounded.

Sporadic outbreaks continue.

PRICE OF BEER.

LEADS TO CONFLICT WITH GERMANY.

COMMISSIONER'S OBJECTION.

(Reuter's Service.)

Berlin, April 6.
The price of beer is responsible for the first conflict since the inauguration of the Dawes scheme between the German Government and Sir Andrew McFadyen, Commissioner of Controlled Revenues, who objected to a compromise in the Budget adopted by the Reichstag whereby an increase in the beer tax was postponed till January, 1927, on the ground that a postponement might lead to a deficit in the controlled revenues next year when Germany has to meet heavy reparation payments.

Sir A. McFadyen agreed to a postponement till July 1, but the German Government proposes to submit the dispute to international arbitration as provided in the London Agreement.

FRANCO FETED.

WON THE HEART OF THE FOR BANGKOK.

(Reuter's Service.)

Huelva, April 6.
A meeting in the Convent of La Rabida to celebrate the return of Major Franco was attended by the King and his suite. King Alfonso declared that Major Franco and his companions had won the heart of the New World, for the Spanish fight proved that Spain could now rely on the friendship of the New World to uphold her interests in the old, and work together for the peace of mankind. The King's speech was prolongedly applauded. A banquet was subsequently held at which the King presided.

City presented Gribble's Royal Academy picture, "Our Golden Argosies," to the Federal Council Chamber of the Australian Commonwealth Government; and presented Gribble's Royal Academy picture of "Nelson's First Prize," to the Royal Naval Hospital, Greenwich.

Mr. Alves is Chairman of the Venezuelan Oil Concessions; a Life President of the Voting Trustees of the British Controlled Oilfields, and was created by the President of Venezuela a member of the 3rd and 4th classes of the Order of Bolivar.

His recreations are travelling, yachting, and cattle-breeding, and he is keenly interested in agricultural matters and questions of reciprocity between landlord and tenant. He is President and Patron of numerous Associations in Carnarvonshire, Sussex, and Kent.

SIR J. McL. BROWN.

DEATH OF FORMER HEAD OF KOREAN CUSTOMS.

LONG ORIENTAL SERVICE.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, April 6.
The death is announced of Sir John McLeavy Brown, Kt., LL.D., who was head of the Customs and Controller of Finance in Korea.

[Sir John McLeavy Brown was born in 1842. He was appointed Student Inspector in China in 1861, Assistant Chinese Secretary, 1864; in charge of Legation, 1867; Secretary to Chinese Mission to Europe, 1868; Acting Chinese Secretary, Peking, 1871-72. He resigned in 1872 and was appointed Commissioner in the Chinese Customs, being later appointed Commissioner-General of Customs, Korea, which post he held till 1905, when he went on a tour abroad. He was decorated with the Order of the Sacred Treasure, Japan, and the Order of the Chrysanthemum, Japan. He was made C.M.G. in 1898 and knighted in 1906.]

MARITIME LAW.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN BRUSSELS.

NEED FOR UNITY.

(Reuter's Service.)

Brussels, April 6.
Sixteen countries were represented at the opening of the International Maritime Conference.

M. Vandervelde, in his inaugural address, emphasised the need for unity in the maritime law conference of the world, inter alia, to examine Conventions regarding rules in the case of collisions and mutual assistance by ships, also in connection with ship mortgages, and bills of lading; and furthermore, the question of immunity of State-owned vessels, in regard to which the Conference must decide whether it is possible to retain the old legal conceptions as regards State-owned vessels.

COAL POSITION.

PRIME MINISTER MAKES A MOVE.

BOTH SIDES SUMMONED.

(British Wireless Service.)

Rugby, April 6.
It is understood that the Prime Minister, Mr. S. Baldwin, who is closely following every stage of the coal negotiations, proposes to call the miners and coal owners together immediately after the National Conference of delegates on Friday.

The miners' delegates will have brought to the National Conference the views of the various coal districts, and the Conference will presumably have come to some decisions based upon these views before both parties meet.

U.S. SHIPPING CO.

BRITISH INTERESTS SEEKING CONTROL?

UNCONFIRMED REPORT.

(Reuter's American Service.)

New York, April 6.
A report that British interests are seeking to obtain control of the International Mercantile Marine Company is not confirmed.

A denial was followed by a drop of 2½ points in the Company's Preferred stock this morning.

PRINCESS ILL.

GENERAL CONDITION IMPROVES SLOWLY.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, April 6.
To-day's bulletin states in regard to H.R.H. Princess Victoria, that the pneumonia is resolving satisfactorily in both lungs, and her general condition is improving slowly.

MANILA FLIGHT.

PROGRESS SPANISH AVIATORS.

TRIPOLI REACHED.

(Reuter's Service.)

Tunis, April 6.
The Spanish aviators have arrived from Algiers.

Tangiers, April 6.
One landed here and the others continued the flight to Tripoli. The Spanish aviators who are flying to Manila have arrived here.

Japan Grants Permission.

Madrid, April 1.
Owing to uncertain weather forecasts the start of the flight from Madrid to Manila may be postponed until late Saturday or Sunday.

Upon petition of the Japanese minister the government to-day authorised the Spanish aviators to continue their flight to Japan. It was decided that the aviators would start on Saturday, April 3, and that they would carry messages from King Alfonso to government officials in the countries where the aviators land.—Associated Press.

Farewell Banquet.

Madrid, March 31.
Expressions of Spain's love for the Philippine Islands and her hopes for their eventual freedom, marked a banquet to-night in honour of the Madrid-Manila fliers given by the Federation Espanola Aviacion. Included among the guests were some of the most distinguished names in Spanish officialdom.

Enrique Torres, representing the Philippines, presided during the banquet. Pano Vague, president of the Spanish committee on the Philippines, said that Spain regarded the Philippines as trustee for the Spanish soul in the Orient. He declared that the two countries were united spiritually and culturally and that it was impossible that Spain should ever be indifferent to the Philippines' hopes for freedom.

He said that he hoped to carry on until the islands were completely liberated.

General Weyler made a short speech eulogising the past glory of Spanish conquest. He said he wanted to accompany the fliers to Manila but he was too old.

Captain Estevez, chief of the flight, responded on behalf of the pilots. He said that all arrangements, mechanical and diplomatic, were completed. He hoped that the flight would unite the two countries.—United Press.

PEACE TALK.

WU PEI-FU SAYS FENG MUST GO.

CHANG MAY COMPROMISE.

(Reuter's Service.)

Peking, April 6.
During the recent lull in the fighting there have been widespread peace negotiations. It was first elicited that Chang Tso-lin was firm in his refusal to compromise with the Kuomintang, but definite progress is now being made, for Wu Pei-fu is ready to talk peace provided Feng Yu-shiang's connection with the Kuomintang organisation is definitely terminated.

The Kuomintang leaders at Peking express optimism regarding an agreement whereby Wu Pei-fu will virtually take over the efficient First Kuomintang forces, and make provision for the disbandment of the demoralised Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth armies.

It is believed that the Chief Executive does not favour this arrangement which will place Wu Pei-fu in a commanding position, and it remains to be seen whether Wu Pei-fu would be able to carry this out without a split with Chang Tso-lin, Li Ching-lin and Chang Tsung-chang.

DRUSES REBELS.

FRENCH CAPTURE IMPORTANT TOWN.

(Havas Agency.)

Beirut, April 6.
The operations for ridding the Hermon Mountains have proceeded normally, and resulted in the capture of the town of Mejel, an important den of the Druses gangs.

DANISH FLIGHT.

DISMANTLED MACHINE FOR MANGKOK.

(Reuter's Service.)

Rangoon, April 6.
Lieutenant Herschend, the Danish airman, hopes to sail for Bangkok on April 9, with his dismantled aeroplane for repairs.

SHIP BLAZE.

TEST FOR NEW FIRE FLOAT.

THREE HOURS' FIGHT.

A fire which must have got a good hold before it was discovered, occurred yesterday on the s.s. "Anyo Maru," such being the grip of the flames that in spite of the fact that the new fire float and the four machines at Kowloon and Mongkok were brought into use, the stop call was not registered until over three hours after the outbreak.

The "Anyo Maru" was lying in dry dock at Kowloon at the time and the final subduing of the flames was in no small measure due to the fact that it was possible to bring the new fire float into operation as soon as the alarm was given, the float lying anchored only a few yards away at the time.

The dense volumes of smoke which poured from the ship made access to the centre of the fire impossible for some considerable time, but eventually firemen donned smoke masks and tackled the flames from closer quarters, marked progress being made from that time forward.

Masses of material in the engine room store, where it is thought the outbreak occurred, were destroyed and woodwork burnt or scorched but it is not thought that the machinery sustained very considerable damage.

The "Anyo Maru" is a steel twin screw steamer of 9,257 registered and 5,739 net tonnage and is now in the N.Y.K. service (being one of the boats affected in the recent amalgamation). She is on the run from Hongkong to S. America and had been in dock for three days in the course of her annual Government survey. She was to have sailed for S. America a week to-day but it is impossible to say whether or how considerably the outbreak of fire will delay her departure.

ILL-FATED VESSEL.

The "Anyo Maru" before yesterday's fire, was known as the most ill-fated of the T.K.K. boats. She was the vessel which was badly damaged in the typhoon of '23 when she knocked the corner of the naxal yard wall away by the V.R.C.

She has since been damaged as a result of collisions and engine trouble — the propeller shaft broke on one occasion — and has had to delay her voyages for repairs to be executed.

The "Anyo Maru" has not long left Yokohama dock where emergency repairs were executed.

Lloyd's agent and a surveyor acting for the N.Y.K. are carrying out a survey of the damage to the vessel, particulars of which are not available.

It is, however, thought that the voyage will be resumed somewhere about the scheduled date as it is possible that the damage above water-line may be executed as the vessel loads.

Shadows Before.

COMING EVENTS ANNOUNCED IN THE "MAIL."

Entertainments.

April 7—Queen's Theatre: Irene Rich in "This Woman."
April 7—Star Theatre: Willard Louis and Mary Alden in "Babbitt."
April 7—World Theatre: Percy Marmont in "A Woman's Faith."
April 10—Carnival at Repulse Bay Hotel.

Sports.

April 7—Portuguese Interport football, Portugal v. China, 4.30 p.m. H.K.F.C. ground.
April 8—Interport Soccer, Portugal v. Rest of the Colony, at H.K.F.C. ground, 4.30 p.m.

Auction.

April 12—Lammert Bros., at Sales Room, Duddell Street, office and household furniture, etc., etc., 2.30 p.m.

Company Meeting.

April 22—Forty-eighth meeting of shareholders of China Sugar Refining Co., in the office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., at noon.

Miscellaneous.

April 7—Wah Yan College prize distribution, Theatre Royal, 6.15 p.m.

April 7—Twenty-sixth meeting of members of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club, in the Club House, 5.45 p.m.

April 7—Second meeting of the Kowloon Golf Club, at Central British School, Nathan Road, Kowloon, 6.15 p.m.

April 8—General meeting of the H.K. Branch of the Marine Engineers' Guild, Sailors' Home, West Point, 5 p.m.

April 8—Annual meeting of the Society of St. George, in City Hall, 5.30 p.m.

April 10—Annual dinner of the Civil Service C.C. at Volunteer Headquarters, 8 p.m.

April 12—Muzzling of dogs enforced until further notice.

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SEE THE WAY, YOU ROGUES ...

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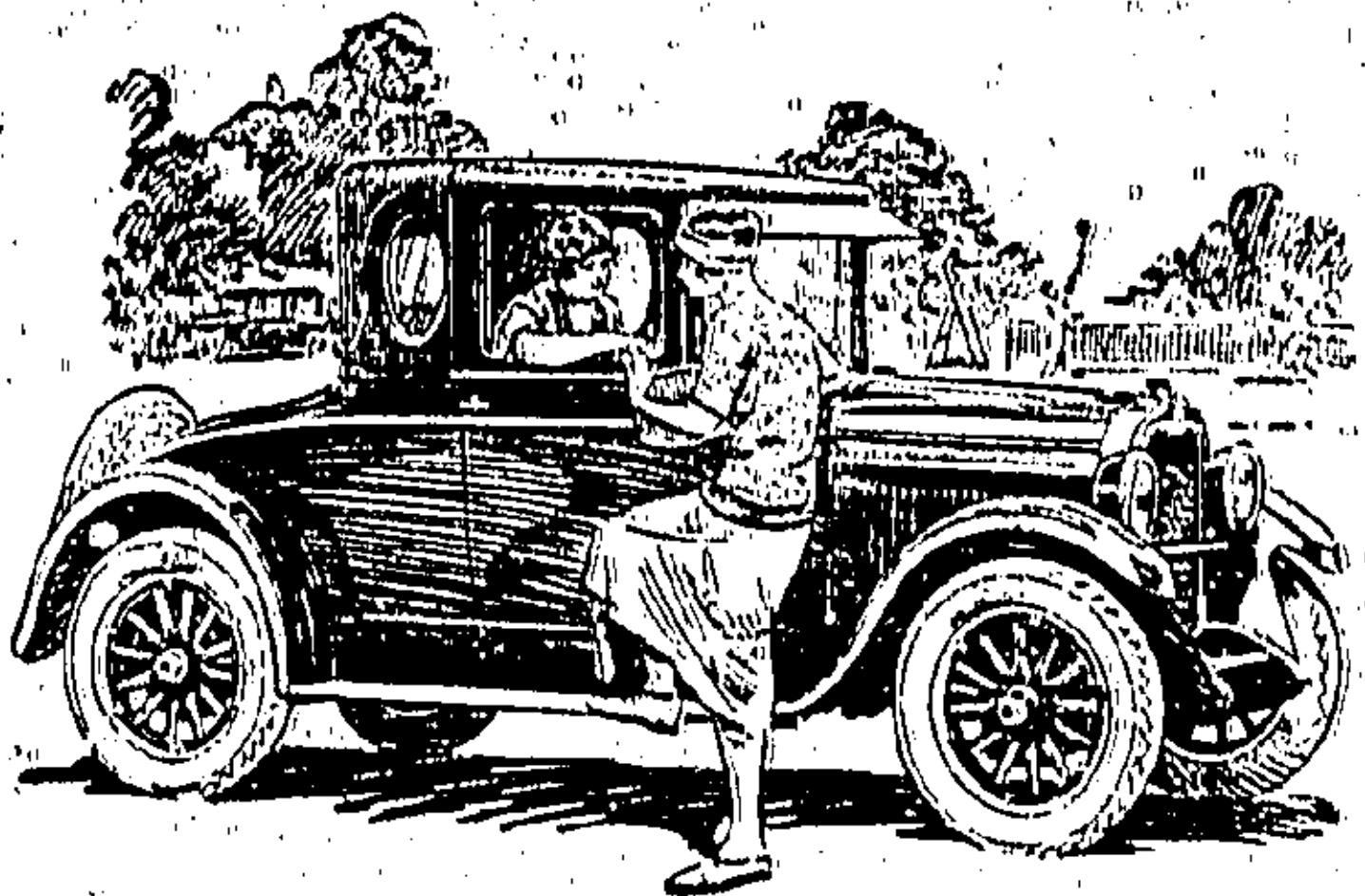
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LOCAL AND GENERAL

Cargo per s.s. "Kutheamba," remaining undelivered after April 12 will be subject to Godown rent.

An entrance examination for new boys to St. Stephen's College will be held on Wednesday, April 14, at 9.30 a.m.

The fifth bi-annual race for the "Trevassa Trophy" will be sailed on Wednesday, April 21, starting at 4 p.m.

Professor Danenberg's 12th annual pupils piano-forte recital will be held in the City Hall on Monday, April 26. The programme will include selections on the Orthophonic Victrola.

Edmond Belin, noted French inventor, predicts that within several months radio fans may attach film screens to their receiving sets on which will appear likenesses of the artists to whom they are listening. "Then," he said, "television will complete radiophony."

Dust from a volcanic eruption in some part of the world probably was responsible for a weather phenomenon in the Twin Cities which had a quarter inch of red snow on the ground. Professor William O. Beal, instructor in astronomy at the University of Minnesota, believes the snow was coloured red by fine particles of volcanic ash, invisible to the naked eye. He said recent volcanic activities in Mexico may be responsible. The red snow mystified thousands, and the Fire Department received calls inquiring the whereabouts of the "big fire."

Compulsion in games as exercised at public schools was deprecated by Commander Cootie, who is responsible for the Duke of York's annual summer camp for boys at Lymington. As at present, conducted, outdoor games did not, he said, make for a Christian type of character. Character was not developed by compulsion, and the idea of prizes was pernicious. At the Duke of York's Camps they drew up "a standard of energy," and provided recreation which would suit all grades. Everyone found something he could do, and everyone went "all out." At the end of a week all the boys entered voluntarily in a mile and a half cross-country race, and everyone finished, for they had all learned to "play the game."

Thousands of Mississippi and Louisiana farmers have laid aside the pitchfork and plow to participate in a diamond rush. Mineral rights for land have gone sky high following the report of a Chicago geologist that the stones found near Osyka, Miss., are real diamonds. Three weekly papers have announced they will begin publishing daily editions.

On an allegation that they squandered millions of dollars of state money in night revels, picnics and the like, a number of officials of the Azerbaijan state wine trust have been haled before the Supreme Court at Baku, Russia. The states attorney, who is prosecuting them, said they had established especially furnished refrigerating rooms for officials suffering from heat or excess drink. He also charged that the accused men had converted a dacha estate outside Baku into a recreation centre for themselves.

"Shoot if you like." These words, uttered by a courageous Chinese woman to robbers, who raided her house, would have cost her her life had not the pistol jammed. The robbers fled. This act of bravery, together with the brave conduct of a Chinese watchman who attacked armed robbers with his stick, has decided the Shanghai Municipal Council to present laudatory silk scrolls to both the woman and the watchman for their example of courage, not frequently witnessed in the many robberies committed in the Settlement.

Work on 2,000 "steel" houses comprising the three types which the Government proposes to build in Scottish industrial districts, where the housing situation is exceedingly distressful, started on February 19. It is expected that the first thousand will be completed this year. The announcement indicates the Government's determination to pay no attention to the protests of the building trades which want building trade wages paid, whereas houses can be built with engineers and common labour at lower rates. A recent examination of the steel houses built last year shows a successful result. The tenants are said to be delighted with the new accommodation, and it is said the "political" arguments concerning the suitability of steel houses did not trouble them in the least.

A branch of the Y.M.C.A. is to be opened in Penang.

The twelfth annual piano-forte recital of Professor Danenberg's pupils will be held on Monday April 26 at 5.30 p.m.

Owing to the acute shortage of bungalow accommodation in Ipoh it is said, says the "Times of Malaya," that one or two European firms are seriously considering the feasibility of building quarters for their staffs.

In a collection recently brought back to the University of Michigan museum is believed to be evidence that the Chinese, as well as the Hindu and Japanese peoples, had trading relations with the Philippines as far back as 1,500 years.

The Bangkok Press are informed that the Spanish Government have obtained permission from the Government in Bangkok for three Spanish aeroplanes to pass over Siamese territory this month and to land at Don Muang. This is in connection with the Spanish world flight.

James B. Newsome, seventy-six, the oldest Pullman porter in America is dead after fifty-five years of service. He travelled more than 6,000,000 miles on Pullman cars since September 10, 1870, and no complaint ever was made against him by a passenger. For forty-five years Newsome travelled between Chicago and Denver in early days. Once his train was stopped by a herd of buffalo and another time was attacked by Sioux Indians. His largest tip was given to him by the late Buffalo Bill. It was a \$100 bill.

It is an intrepid little bird which haunts one of the fashionable ball rooms of Singapore, says a correspondent, but it works out of regular Union hours, from 7 p.m. to 11 p.m. to be exact, and, therefore, likely to be socially unpopular. The agility with which it chases moths round the many elaborate electric lamp shades hanging from the ceiling, escaping by a miracle the whirling wings of innumerable fans, is most fascinating to watch. Not much escapes this interesting little adventurer—it has a bird's eye view.

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SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. J. E. de Becker died at Kobe on March 27 after a serious illness of long duration.

A tablet has been erected to the memory of the late W. T. Stead, the noted journalist, at his birthplace, Embleton, Northumberland.

Mr. W. J. Williams, Municipal Engineer, Penang, has been admitted a full member of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers (England) and of the Institution of Structural Engineers (England).

The marriage of Mr. Martin Ernest Wright and Miss Ivy Moir took place on March 25 at St. Andrew's Church, Kuala Lumpur, the Rev. R. D. Whitehorn officiating. A reception was afterwards held at residence of Mr. Warren Hastings.

A very great tribute to the popularity of Corps Sgt-Major David Leighton was paid by members of the S.V.C. when he took his departure from Shanghai. The Volunteer band was in attendance, and in addition many members of the Corps were present, a great proportion of them in uniform.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brailsford of Kobe passed through the Colony on the Arakura, for New Zealand, where Mr. Brailsford's relatives live and where it is hoped that, after a long siege of illness, he can be nursed back to health and strength, away from a climate which apparently far from agreed with him. Mr. Brailsford came to Japan some two or three years ago and obtained a position with the Japan Chronicle, where, up to some two or three months ago, he was actively employed in journalistic work, until a breakdown in health rendered him practically unable to leave his house and, later, necessitated a change of climate. Mr. and Mrs. Brailsford will be sadly missed by many as they have been instrumental in doing much good in a very quiet and unobtrusive way.

The Sarpedon's passengers include Mr. H. Martin Little and Mr. A. T. Downie of Shanghai.

The Archbishop of York, speaking at a luncheon, said that when he was in New York he was asked whether it was true that the reason why the Church of England was doubtful about Prohibition was that both its archbishops liked their dram. (Laughter.) The Rev. F. A. Iremonger, the editor of the "Guardian," said that one American newspaper, in describing Dr. Lang, stated: "The Archbishop of York, though not of particularly striking appearance, has a much more refined face than the average Englishman." (Laughter.)

Mr. William Smith, who lives at Dromana, Co. Down, has celebrated his 125th birthday, and claims to be the oldest man in the kingdom. He was born in Saintfield in 1801, and this date is confirmed by official papers. His longevity is attributed to a simple, open-air life. The veteran is still hale and hearty and can talk in an animated and a familiar way of events that happened over a century ago. He served in the Crimean War and walks half a mile each Friday to draw his pension. Mrs. Jane McKeown, Kilmacardle, near Pomeroy, Co. Tyrone, has celebrated her 100th birthday.

Arrangements are now being made by the governor general's office to fill three vacancies in the Manila Harbour Board created by the retirement of E. C. Earle, chief designing engineer of the bureau of public works, and J. F. Masias, vice president of the Bank of the Philippine Islands, and the expiration of the term of Mariano Yenko. The vacancies were reported by Collector of Customs Aldanes. It is understood that Acting Chief Designing Engineer Grodsko of the Bureau of public works is being considered as E. C. Earle's successor on the board, while Yenko's term will probably be extended.

Lady Astor, M.P., speaking at a Six Point Group dinner to Mrs. Pankhurst in London, said she would gladly "get out of the House" to give Mrs. Pankhurst her place if only she saw her way to take it.

Australia is not to compete in the Davis Lawn Tennis Cup competition. This is due to the depleted finances of the Australian Lawn Tennis Association, and the fact that neither J. O. Anderson nor Gerald Patterson will be available.

Sir Robert Horne, addressing his constituents in Glasgow, said that he had received £30,000 from Mr. Leybourne Davidson, of Huxley, Aberdeenshire, to assist emigration to the Dominions. Mr. Davidson was a pioneer in the rubber industry, which had brought enormous wealth to the country, and he was desirous of convincing young Britishers of the condition of life in the Dominions.

Mr. Robert Leslie, just retired from the position of superintending engineer of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., was entertained by "a few of his old steam engineering friends" at the Jules Restaurant, London, when he was presented with a silver salver bearing facsimile signatures of the donors. The presentation was made by Sir Archibald Ross. Mr. Leslie served continuously with the P. and O. for over 50 years.

In order to curtail the amount of tobacco that he consumes in a day the Prince of Wales is trying a new form of cigarette. Outwardly these cigarettes are of the usual size, but in reality they contain only about half the amount of tobacco; the other half, which is placed between the lips, being composed of a hollow cardboard tube. The tobacco used in these is a very mild Turkish, and the tube makes them beautifully cool smoking, while it is claimed that they last nearly as long as an ordinary cigarette.

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"CHINA MAIL" SPORTS PAGE

HOME FOOTBALL.

RESULTS OF YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE MATCHES.

HUDDERSFIELD MAKE SURE.

(Reader's Service)

The following are the results of the English League football matches played to-day (home team given first):

Division I.
Aston Villa 3, Liverpool 0.
Huddersfield 2, Blackburn R. 1.
Leeds U. 0, Sunderland 2.
Sheff. U. 1, Manchester C. 2.

Division II.
Derby 1, Burnley 0.
Wednesday 2, Stoke C. 0.

Division III (Southern).
Aberdeen 0, Middlesbrough 1.
Northampton 1, Brighton and Hove 2.

Division III (Northern).
Bradford 6, Southport 1.
Preston 0, N. Tottenham R. 1.
Rotherham U. 1, Walsall 1.
Wigan Boro 5, Nelson 0.

*The message is mutilated and Walsall's score is not clear.

REVISED TABLES.

Division I.

Team	P	W	D	L	Pts.
Huddersfield	38	21	6	11	53
Aston Villa	37	20	7	10	52
Sunderland	36	19	8	11	51
Aston Villa	35	18	9	11	50
Sheff. U.	34	17	10	11	49
Leeds U.	33	16	11	11	48
Blackburn R.	32	15	12	11	47
Liverpool	31	14	13	11	46
Tottenham	30	13	14	11	45
Cardiff City	29	12	15	11	44
Blackburn R.	28	11	16	11	43
W. Bromwich	27	10	17	11	42
Newcastle U.	26	9	18	11	41
West Ham	25	8	19	11	40
Birmingham	24	7	20	11	39
Leeds U.	23	6	21	11	38
Nottingham	22	5	22	11	37
Burnley	21	4	23	11	36
Manchester C.	20	3	24	11	35

Division II.

Team	P	W	D	L	Pts.
Derby	38	21	6	11	53
Derby	37	20	7	11	52
Swansea	36	19	8	11	51
Port Vale	35	18	9	11	50
Middlesbrough	34	17	10	11	49
South Shields	33	16	11	11	48
Blackpool	32	15	12	11	47
Oldham	31	14	13	11	46
Wolves	30	13	14	11	45
Portsmouth	29	12	15	11	44
Preston	28	11	16	11	43
Hull City	27	10	17	11	42
Southampton	26	9	18	11	41
Darlington	25	8	19	11	40
Barnsley	24	7	20	11	39
Bradford	23	6	21	11	38
Notts Forest	22	5	22	11	37
Stoke	21	4	23	11	36
Fulham	20	3	24	11	35
Clapton	19	2	25	11	34
Stockport	18	1	26	11	33

Division III (South).

Team	P	W	D	L	Pts.
Reading	38	21	6	11	53
Plymouth	37	20	7	11	52
Bristol	36	19	8	11	51
Millwall	35	18	9	11	50
Brighton	34	17	10	11	49
Swindon	33	16	11	11	48
Southend	32	15	12	11	47
Gillingham	31	14	13	11	46
Luton	30	13	14	11	45
Northants	29	12	15	11	44
Bournemouth	28	11	16	11	43
Aberdeen	27	10	17	11	42
Crystal P.	26	9	18	11	41
Brentford	25	8	19	11	40
Watford	24	7	20	11	39
Newport	23	6	21	11	38
Norwich	22	5	22	11	37
Merthyr	21	4	23	11	36
Charlton	20	3	24	11	35
Bristol R.	19	2	25	11	34
Exeter	18	1	26	11	33
Q. P. R.	17	0	27	11	32

Division III (North).

Team	P	W	D	L	Pts.
Rochdale	38	21	6	11	53
Bradford	37	20	7	11	52
Grimsby	36	19	8	11	51
Chesfield	35	18	9	11	50
Hillfax	34	17	10	11	49
Nelson	33	16	11	11	48
Hartlepool	32	15	12	11	47
Athlington	31	14	13	11	46
Crew	30	13	14	11	45
Tranmere	29	12	15	11	44
Dunfermline	28	11	16	11	43
Durham	27	10	17	11	42
N. Brighton	26	9	18	11	41
Coventry	25	8	19	11	40
Rotherham	24	7	20	11	39
Accrington	23	6	21	11	38
Wigan	22	5	22	11	37
Lincoln	21	4	23	11	36
Wrexham	20	3	24	11	35
Southport	19	2	25	11	34
Walsall	18	1	26	11	33
Barrow	17	0	27	11	32

(Continued at foot of next column.)

SHAI BILLIARDS.

CAPT. BARRETT LOSES IN SEMI-FINAL.

BRILLIANT WINNER.

In the semi-final of the Shanghai Billiards championship on March 31, W. C. Holmes achieved a brilliant victory over Captain E. L. M. Barrett.

Within the past two years Holmes has come on to a very great extent in billiards, and this match showed him in his best form, the criterion of which may be judged from the fact that he made his points at 470. It was the most interesting game of the championship so far (observes the "N.C. Daily News"), and certainly one of the finest exhibitions of match play on the part of the winner, given in Shanghai, and Holmes is to be congratulated on his splendid win over such a redoubtable opponent as Barrett.

The best break by Holmes (given in order) were the following:—51, 65, 50, 72, 59.

Barrett's best was 34.

"SERVICE BOXERS."

Boxers of the China Squadron met soldiers of the Singapore Garrison on March 27, results being:

Sgt. Marshall ("Hawkins") beat Gr. Butler.

Mrs. Burghaw ("Ambrose") beat Sgt. Greenwood.

Lt. Cook Stump ("Hawkins") lost to J. Gill.

Bantam: Cpl. McManus ("Hawkins") K. O. Pte. Harris in round 1.

A. B. Quick lost to Pte. Mawthorn.

Stoker Thompson beat Pte. Birch.

Stoker Pelling lost to Pte. Whistons.

A. B. Buckmaster ("Hawkins") beat Pte. Annersley.

Cpl. McManus ("Hawkins") beat Pte. Harris on points.

[The above may seem to be somewhat irregular and confused. It is an extract of a report in a Singapore contemporary which gave no other information as to ships, weights, etc., but had notes here and there as to how the fights went.]

CHAMPIONSHIP BOUT.

Berlin, March 20.

In the match for the middle-weight boxing championship of Europe, Devoes (Belgium), the holder, was awarded the victory over Domagden (Germany) on points.

The decision evoked loud protests.

TREVESA TROPHY.

Entries close on April 20, to Mr. F. Oliver (hon. sec.), at the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club, for the bi-annual ship's lifeboat race for this "Trevessa" trophy, an event organised to commemorate the feat by the complement of the ship of that name.

Mrs. N. W. Hickling (Master of the Shanghai Ladies' Paper, Han Club) was, harking in the early morning when her pony stumbled and fell, but after that it rolled over on to the rider, breaking her collar-bone and at least one rib, possibly two. Mrs. Hickling was removed to hospital and an X-ray examination was to be made on March 31 (says the "N.C. Daily News") to ascertain the full extent of the injuries.

Scottish League.

Team	P	W	D	L	Pts.
Gelt	35	22	8	5	56
Airdrieonians	34	21	9	4	55
Hearts	33	20	10	3	54
St. Mirren	32	19	11	2	53
Motherwell	31	18	12	1	52
Rangers	30	17	13	0	51
Falkirk	29	16	14	0	50
Cowdenbeath	28	15	15	0	49
Kilmarnock	27	14	16	0	48
Aberdeen	26	13	17	0	47
Hamilton A.	25	12	18	0	46
Dundee	24	11	19	0	45
Partick T.	23	10	20	0	44
Queen's Park	22	9	21	0	43
Hibernians	21	8	22	0	42
Morton	20	7	23	0	41
Dundee U.	19	6	24	0	40
Leith R.	18	5	25	0	39
St. Johnstone	17	4	26	0	38
Clydebank	16	3	27	0	37

Booran, ridden by Mr. Maitland, won the Ladies' Purse at the Hongkong Jockey Club annual meeting in 1925. Running in the name of Messrs. Bath and Lemarchand, the same pony and jockey won the Dundee Plate (1/4 mile) at Shanghai on March 27.

HOME SPORT.

LATEST NOTES AHEAD OF THE MAIL.

ON VARIED TOPICS.

(Via Singapore.)

London, March 27.

Although there was considerable objection among Londoners to the admission charge of two shillings, more than 30,000 spectators saw Bolton defeat Swansea in the semi-final of the F.A. Cup on Saturday.

The meeting of Manchester City and Manchester United attracted 45,000 spectators to Bramall Lane, Sheffield.

Rugger Results.

Meeting Middlesex in the semi-final of the Rugby county championship to-day Somerset achieved a narrow victory by 20 points to 17.

Newport were visitors to Blackheath but found the Club too strong for them, a keen game resulting in a win for the Londoners by 13 points to 5.

There was heavier scoring in the Harlequins and London Scottish match, the Quins' threequarters being in scoring mood, for they ran up a total of 40 points to the London Scottish 10.

Service Champions.

By defeating the R.A.F. in the inter-services rugby tournament at Twickenham this afternoon the Army won the championship for the first time, having won both of their matches. They defeated the Navy by 21 points to 10 on March 6, the Navy having previously defeated the R.A.F. by 8 points to 3.

The success of the Army is not surprising for it was apparent from the commencement of the season that they would be able to field the strongest side in the tournament.

In addition to Aslett, the English centre three-quarters, they have had the services of A. T. Young, the English scrum half, Pithall, the English forward, and Brown, both Irish international forwards, and Tansand-Young and Guardsman Rees, both of whom have played in international trials this season, the former for England and the latter for Wales.

The Burton Cup.

It is reported that there is a likelihood of Sir Thomas Lipton challenging America again in 1927 for the Burton Cup.

Sabres Championship.

Lieut. Commander C. A. Kershaw, the Navy and England, scrum half, retained his title in the amateur sabres championship to-day.

Ex-Cricket Captain.

J. W. H. T. Douglas, the Essex and England cricketer, who recently had to undergo an operation, will be fit to play cricket in July.

Hockey Scores.

Having previously defeated Wales 4-0 and Scotland 2-0, England defeated Ireland at hockey on Saturday by 2 goals to 1. In previous internationals Scotland beat Ireland 2-1, and Wales beat Ireland 4-3.

Lincolnshire Scare.

Widespread rumours have been circulated to the effect that an objection has been lodged on behalf of Zionists against King of Clubs, the winner of the Lincolnshire Handicap on Wednesday, on the ground of an undeclared partnership. The scare is entirely unfounded.

Boat Race Opinion.

The result of the Boat Race has already been published. Additional information is given in the following cable which, with those above, were published in the "Singapore Free Press."

According to general expectations Oxford were beaten in the annual Boat Race, stamina giving Cambridge victory in a brilliant struggle. Oxford established an early lead but they began to fall away at Chiswick Eyot, where Edwards, the Westminster freshman, and No. 7 in the Oxford boat, cracked badly, and was useless for the remainder of the race. His failure has led boat race experts to declare that freshmen are unsuitable for the race. Craggs, who got his seat in the Cambridge boat through the illness of Booth, was a success. In ideal weather a record crowd witnessed the race. Before the race the Cambridge crew were given two spoonfuls of Brown sugar!

Booran, ridden by Mr. Maitland, won the Ladies' Purse at the Hongkong Jockey Club annual meeting in 1925. Running in the name of Messrs. Bath and Lemarchand, the same pony and jockey won the Dundee Plate (1/4 mile) at Shanghai on March 27.

RABIES DANGER.

SANITARY BOARD MEETING DISCUSSION.

FULL EXPLANATIONS.

Sanitary Conditions at Repulse Bay.

Important statements in regard to the present outbreak of rabies in the Colony were made by Mr. N. L. Smith (President) and Dr. W. W. Pearse (M.O.H.) in answer to questions by Dr. W. V. M. Koch of which "due notice" had been given for yesterday's meeting of the Sanitary Board.

In answer to the first question as to the number of cases of rabies in dogs, the Chairman said there had been seven cases altogether since December. The first canine case was in Wellington Street. The dog was sent to Kennedy Town on December 27 and died two days later.

The second case was that of a dog which was drowned in the harbour on January 14 and its history was unknown. The third was in Wyndham Street; the dog was sent to Kennedy Town on January 15 and died soon afterwards. Two other dogs were also sent, and although they also died the post mortem showed no trace of rabies.

The fourth case was in Queen's Road Central. The dog was sent to Kennedy Town on February 6 and died three days later. The fifth case occurred in Lee House Street; the dog was sent to Kennedy Town on February 9, and died three days afterwards.

The sixth occurred in the Wong Nei Chong Road and the animal died while on the way to Kennedy Town. The seventh case was at Fanning on February 27, and the dog died at Kennedy Town on March 1. That was a complete list of the canine cases since the outbreak. During the first three months of the present year 58 dogs had been under observation at Kennedy Town.

A part of the question relating to hydrophobia in humans was answered by Dr. W. W. Pearse who said that the first case occurred on March 13, a Chinese boy having been bitten near the Tin Ping theatre. No further information was available. The next case was also a Chinese boy and occurred on March 16, the victim saying he had been bitten near the Central market. The third case was a Chinese male on the same day. The man had no fixed abode. He told the house surgeon of the Tung Wah hospital that he was bitten by a dog in Kowloon, but on what date could not be found out. The fourth case was a Chinese male of 40 years of 66 Hollywood Road on March 19. He was bitten by his own dog. The dog died the next day, but the man took no precautions and went to hospital a month later. In none of the cases could the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon find reasons for thinking that these cases had reference to dogs which had passed through his hands and they must have been infected by other dogs.

The question as to whether it was considered necessary yet to take stronger measures to prevent the spread of the disease, the Chairman said, was answered by the muzzling order which would come into force on April 12. The Chairman mentioned that there was a stock of 1,000 muzzles.

Answering other questions as to the number of persons inoculated with anti-rabies serum and if it is not possible for the Government to make a reduction in price of vaccine and serum, the Chairman said the P.C.M.O. had authorised him to say that all serum was made locally. The number of persons inoculated in 1925 was 26, 624 ampoules being issued. In 1924, 55 persons, 1,320 ampoules being issued. In 1925, 138 persons, 3,312 ampoules being issued. In the first three months of the present year 34 people were inoculated, 816 ampoules being issued. As regards (d) he was not able to make a reply on the subject of price, but if the Sanitary Board wished to make representations to the Government on the matter it could do so.

Shooting of Dogs.

Dr. Koch asked if it was a fact that permits were necessary for taking across the harbour dogs which had been inoculated and were no longer a source of danger, and if shooting takes place at other than the advertised hours.

The Chairman said no doubt when owners asked for permits to move their dogs, the Veterinary Surgeon would take cognisance of the fact if the animal had been inoculated. As regards shooting, that was done at present only in the advertised hours; but after the muzzling order came into force it would be done at any time. The Hon. Mr. Creasy said that the shooting was done by experienced men.

Repulse Bay Sanitation.

Other questions asked by Dr. Koch were in regard to the supervision of the sanitary conditions in and around the bathing matted sheds at Repulse Bay and whether it was not possible to replace the unsightly matted sheds with suitable bathing boxes.

The Chairman, in reply, said that the P.W.D. provided a gang of coolies to keep the beach clean and the Forestry Department cut down the undergrowth there twice a year. He could not say whether the small gang of beach coolies did their work regularly and efficiently. As regards the question of abolishing the matted sheds, he said it was not considered advisable or necessary to do so at present. He mentioned there was no latrine or urinal on the beach at present, but if anyone thought the expenditure was justified it was open to them to make a suggestion.

Dr. Koch described the existing state of affairs as shocking. It appears to him there was no proper supervision and what there was appeared to be irregular. He went on to speak of the fly nuisance and thought that the Government should erect bathing boxes to improve the place instead of being an eyesore as at present. The question was dropped after further discussion.

OBITUARY.

CAPTAIN J. E. FARRRELL.

The death of Captain J. E. Farrrell of the Singapore Pilot Association, took place on March 23 at the General Hospital, Singapore, where he had been removed after a painful illness of some weeks. The funeral took place at Bidadari Cemetery and was attended by his colleagues of the Pilot Association, the Master Attendant, Capt. Calhoun-Cuthbert, A.M., Mr. G. W. A. Trimmer, Singapore Harbour Board, Mr. Austen Jackson, Mr. G. de Havilland, Capt. Leighton, S.M.S.C., and many friends. Many beautiful wreaths were sent, and much sympathy is felt with his daughter, who is in Singapore. He leaves a widow in England and a son in South Africa. The Rev. G. H. Douglas officiated.

PROPERTY SALE.

There was very brisk bidding at a sale of valuable leasehold property by Mr. E. V. M. R. de Souza at the China Auction Rooms yesterday afternoon, the upset price being increased by over \$9,000 within a few minutes of the commencement of the sale.

The property disposed of is situated at No. 13, Man Tsung Terrace (known as No. 29, Wong Nei Chong Road). It has an area of 3,370 square feet and the annual Crown rental is \$8.80.

The upset price was \$15,000, with bids of \$200 acceptable. The first bid made was one of \$5,000 over the upset price, and bidding progressed briskly by stages of \$200, until the sum of \$24,200 was reached, at which figure the property was knocked down to Mr. Ng Yew.

MUZZLING ORDER.

As the actual wording used may have been misleading, it may not be out

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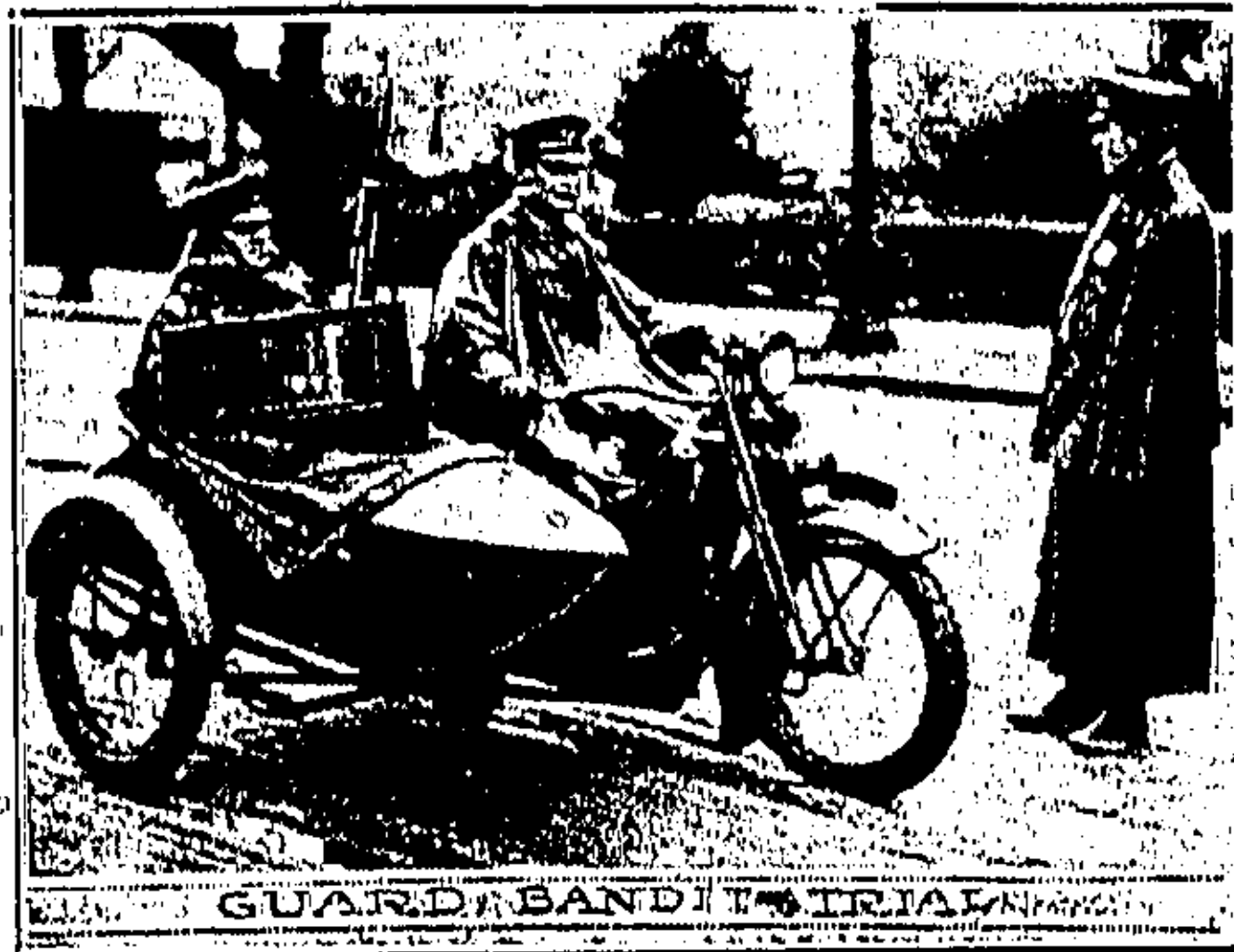
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People and Events in the News of the World



Squadrons of motorcycle police armed with shotguns and rifles guarded all approaches to the Lincoln courthouse, when Stanley Klynn, alleged to be one of the bandits who robbed the Baltimore bank, faced trial for the third time. Precautions were taken because gangsters threatened to murder Ambrose Rose who implicated Klynn in a death cell confession. Rose was taken to the trial in an armoured car.



SENORITA ERNESTINE CALLES
 Senorita Ernestine Calles, the daughter of the President of Mexico, was elected queen of a carnival in Mexico City.



JOHN HADMAN & GEORGE DILLON
 Although their parents are wealthy, John Hadman, 21, left, and George Dillon, 20, are said by New York police to have confessed to several robberies. Dillon's father, a prominent member of St. Louis University faculty, recently was found murdered on the school's campus. His slayer has not been caught.



VISCOUNT WILLINGTON
 Viscount Willington, the famous British statesman now visiting China.



MISS FERN HODSON



LORD D'ABERNON



SAMUEL DUSHKIN



JOHN R. MCQUIGG

Miss Fern Hodson saved the lives of nine persons in a Kansas City fire. Lord D'Abernon, the Ambassador to Germany, was once considered as a possible successor to Sir Austen Chamberlain as Foreign Secretary. Samuel Dushkin, an American violinist, has been invited to play in Soviet Russia. Commander McQuigg is making a tour of American Legion posts in the East.



ARCHBISHOP CURLEY FILIPPO TREMONESI
 The Earl of Balfour and Lord Birkenhead, both members of the British Cabinet, were reported ill at the same time. Archbishop Curley of Baltimore may be elevated to the College of Cardinals, it is reported. His Excellency Filippo Tremonesi has entered upon his duties as Governor of Rome.



SEENA OWEN
 Seena Owen, the actress, narrowly escaped death at San Pedro, when she fell off a ship while making a motion picture. A sailor leaped overboard and dragged her from the water.



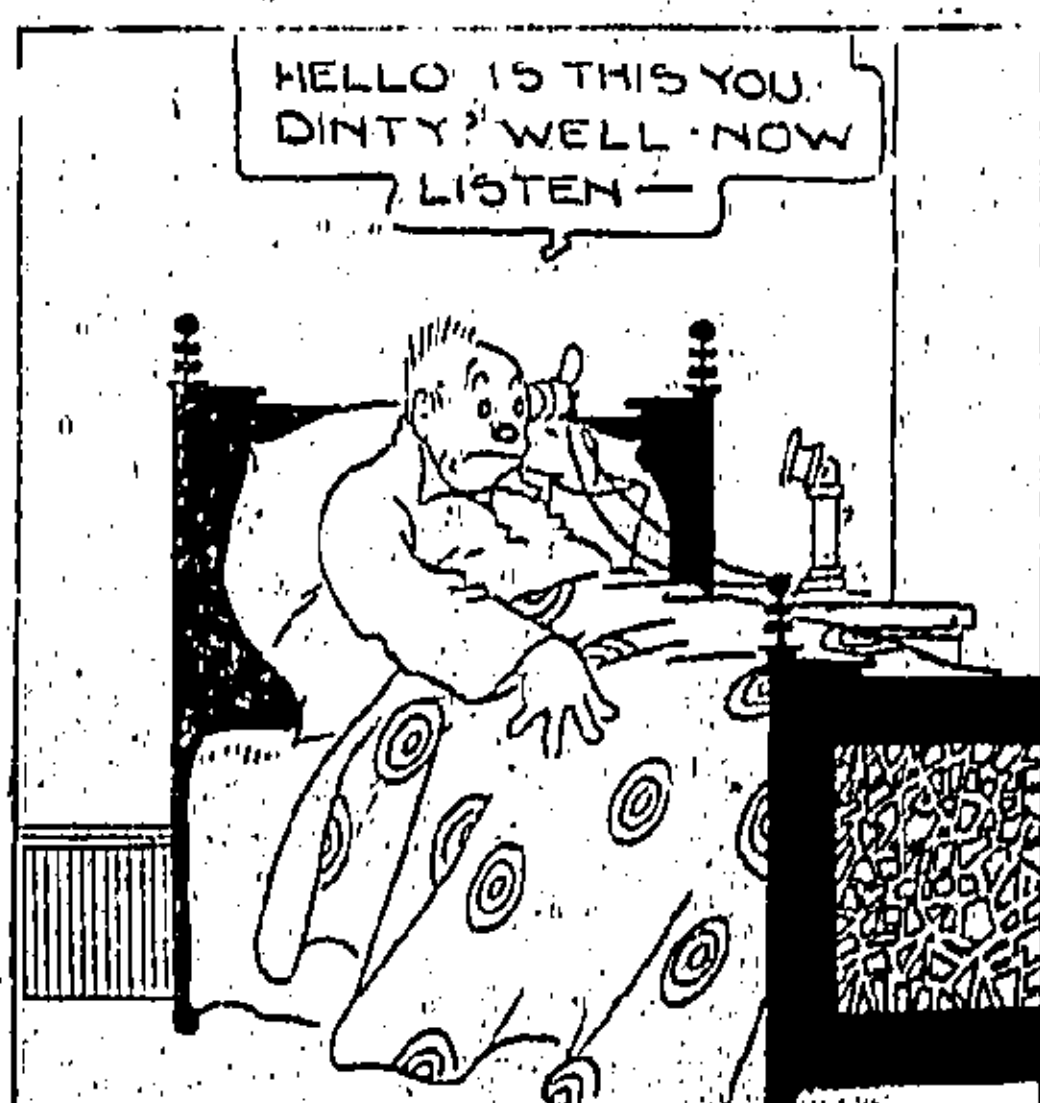
OPENS CONVENTION

The International Trade Convention was officially opened when President Coolidge pressed the golden telegraph key at the White House which rang a bell in the convention hall, hundreds of miles away.

BRINGING UP FATHER.

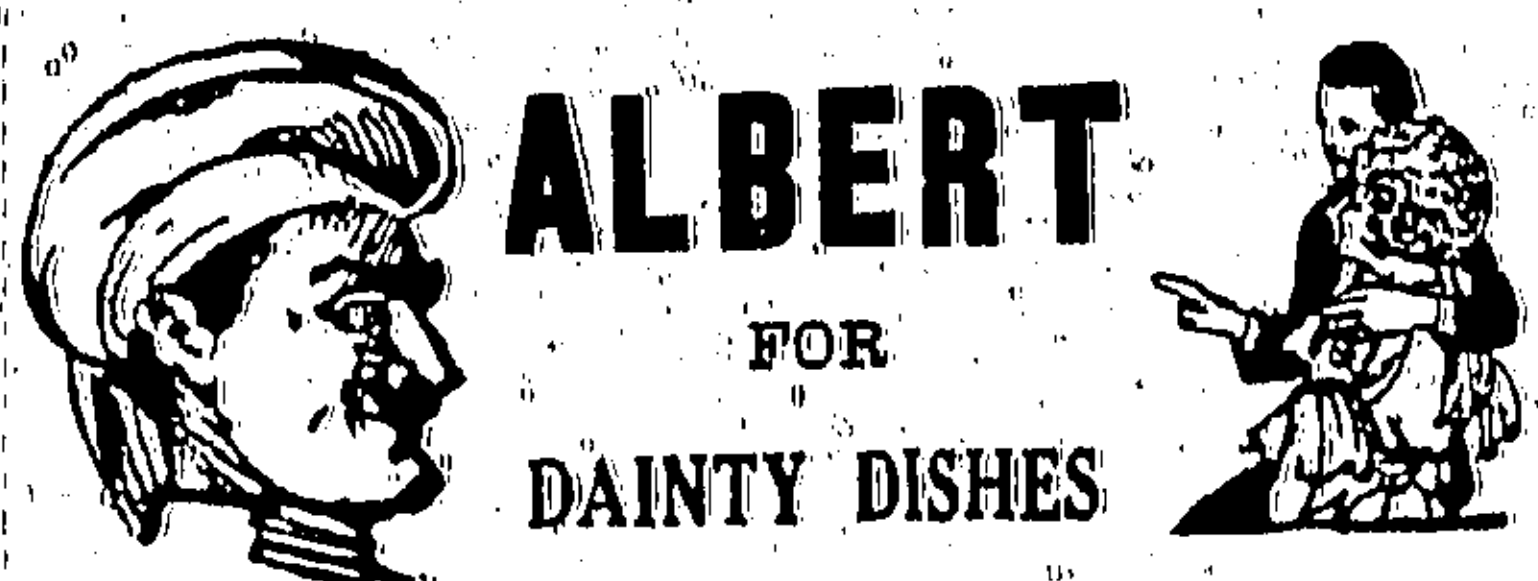
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2-25



ALBERT FOR DAINTY DISHES

A DIALOGUE BETWEEN CONNOISSEURS

He.—Where are you going?
She.—Why To Albert, of course, where we are sure to get the finest French Pastry and the best cooking.
He.—That is so! His French Cakes at \$1.00 per dozen, his Mademoiselle Cakes, his Big Cakes, his Ice-Creams (combined with excellent cuisine), are made exclusively with the best milk and cream of the Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.
She.—Quite so!—and he also has a new menu comprising fifty new dishes which you can enjoy any time from 10.30 a.m. to Midnight.

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27 DAYS' FAST.

LADY FISHER'S FRUIT JUICE CURE.

Having fasted for twenty-seven days with the object of regaining good health, Lady Fisher, the wife of Sir N. F. Warren Fisher, Permanent Secretary of the Treasury, declares herself cured of an illness of many years' standing caused by general debility.

In a home at Tring, Hertfordshire, she has lived for nearly a month on orange juice, lemon water, the juice of fruits such as grapes, and the water in which vegetables have been boiled.

Lady Fisher said: "I shall go on until I have a craving for food, and that may not be for weeks. At present I can think of the most delicious food without a qualm. You could spread a banquet in front of me and I should not turn a hair."

Never again shall I eat those appalling meals of many courses. I shall eat sanely.

During her first fortnight at the home Lady Fisher practised outdoor physical exercises in a bathing costume, every morning, and took orange water every two hours. Now she goes for a long walk each day and dances every evening.

She is in a group of patients, described by one of them as "the despair of doctors after years of fighting against illness," who are undergoing the fasting cure of the home, the director of which holds the view that practically every disease can be cured in this way.

"As soon as the craving for food returns it is a sign," he says, "that the cure is complete."

REST AT THE END.

MR. ZANGWILL ON THE AFTER LIFE.

Adding his contribution to the great discussion on what awaits us after this life, Mr. Israel Zangwill, wrote in the "Weekly Dispatch," quoting a remark made to him by Mrs. Sarah Bernhardt. The great actress said, "If I believed that I should never die, I should commit suicide. Yes, it seems a paradox."

Mr. Zangwill, who looks for nothing but a long rest after life is over, suggested that there is a certain insolence in this demand for immortality. "We might as well demand it retrospectively and grizzle at our absence from the Stone Age."

Though immortality be not impossible, he asks that man ought to live as in this existence were his all-in-all.

Mother: "Oh, my dear! Such a dreadful thing's happened. Your poor father was hurrying off into town in the car to get a mouse-trap—and he got caught in a police-trap!"

CHEERFUL NOTE.

"WOMEN'S HEALTH IS BETTER."

Sir George Newman, chief medical officer to the Ministry of Health, has some cheerful things to say in a revised edition of "Public Education in Health," a pamphlet issued by the Ministry, price 6d. Sir George writes:—

More reasonable dress, the disappearance of tight clothing and trailing skirts, a far larger amount of outdoor exercise, more active amusements and athletics, and the open-air life have brought an immense improvement in the health of girls and women, an improvement which has almost abolished anaemia and raised the whole standard of their health.

There are grounds for believing that there is no single subject of more importance, to personal and national health, or more crying out for educational treatment, than the proper use and control of food.

PURPLE TEETH.

PIGMENT'S EFFECT IN RARE DISEASE.

Professor J. Barcroft, Fullerian Professor of Physiology, Royal Institution, lecturing before the institution, said there were at present at least three cases in England of a very rare disease in which the patients suffered from the pigment porphyrin in the human system.

The porphyrin was to be found in the teeth, the bones, and the skin. The teeth were turned purple by the disease, and the patient's skin became so sensitive that out of doors his hands must be gloved and his face covered by a veil.

Porphyrin was discovered in hen's eggs, but it was not known whether it came from the blood or was something which leaked into the system as blood was being made.

Tramp shipowners are making serious progress with their projected plans for regulating the supply of tonnage in accordance with the demand in period of bad trade. A number of schemes have been propounded based on the idea of levying a fund on associated shipowners for the purpose of making compensation to the owners of laid up ships. At the present moment the more practicable of these schemes are being considered by associations of shipowners, and as soon as agreement on one or other of them seems likely, an International Conference is to be called under the aegis of the Baltic Conference, as the first step to getting the scheme under way.

PAPER MILLS.

PURCHASE BY BRITISH COMPANY.

Following on the developments regarding the Polish Syndicate of Germany, the finance for which was chiefly provided by the issue of 25,000,000 Seven per cent Bonds in Great Britain comes the announcement that the Inveresk Paper Co., Ltd. has secured control of the German Koholyt Company, whose works are believed to constitute one of the largest organizations for the production of high-grade chemical pulp in the world. This transaction has been carried out by the purchase of 21,900 shares constituting the capital of the German company. These shares have been transferred to the International Pulp and Chemical Co., Ltd., whose capital is being issued to the public. The German enterprise, which is now controlled by British manufacturers, formed part of the many activities of the late Hugo Stinnes. The transaction to British control has been rendered feasible as a consequence of the difficulties which beset the German company after the war and the collapse of the ambitious schemes of the Stinnes group.

DEFECT IN CLERGY.

EXAMINING CHAPLAIN'S VIEW OF NEXT DECADE.

Speaking at the Lower House of the Convocation of Canterbury, held at Church House, Westminster, recently, the Dean of Winchester (Dr. Furneaux) said that the standard of education and learning among the laity was higher than it had ever been, but they were not all quite sure that the standard of learning among the clergy of the Church of England had risen in proportion.

Dr. R. M. Woolley, Prebendary of Lincoln, who said he had been an examining chaplain for ten years, declared that the standard had been steadily and surely going down. In another ten years, he said, the clergy would be uneducated.

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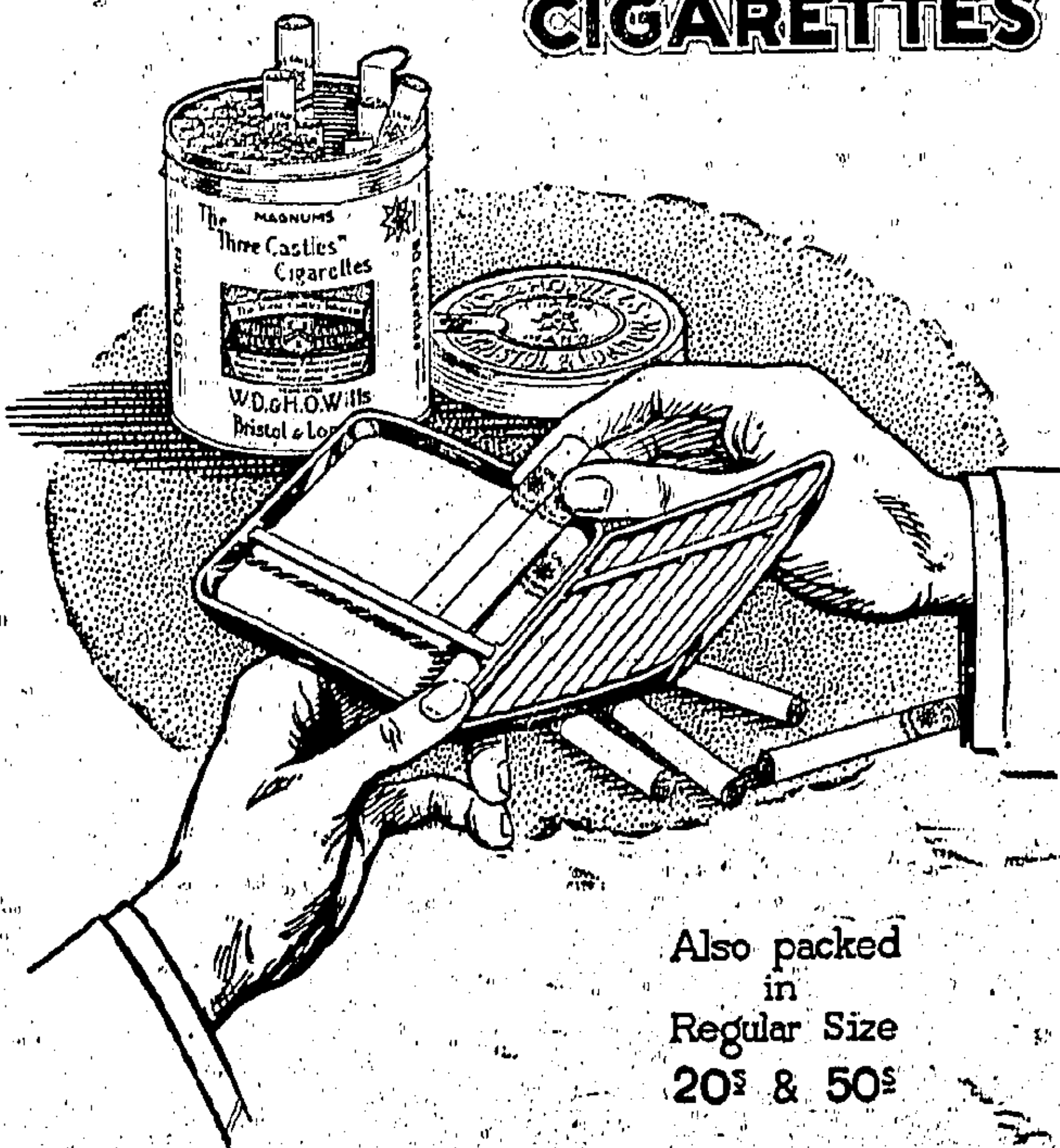
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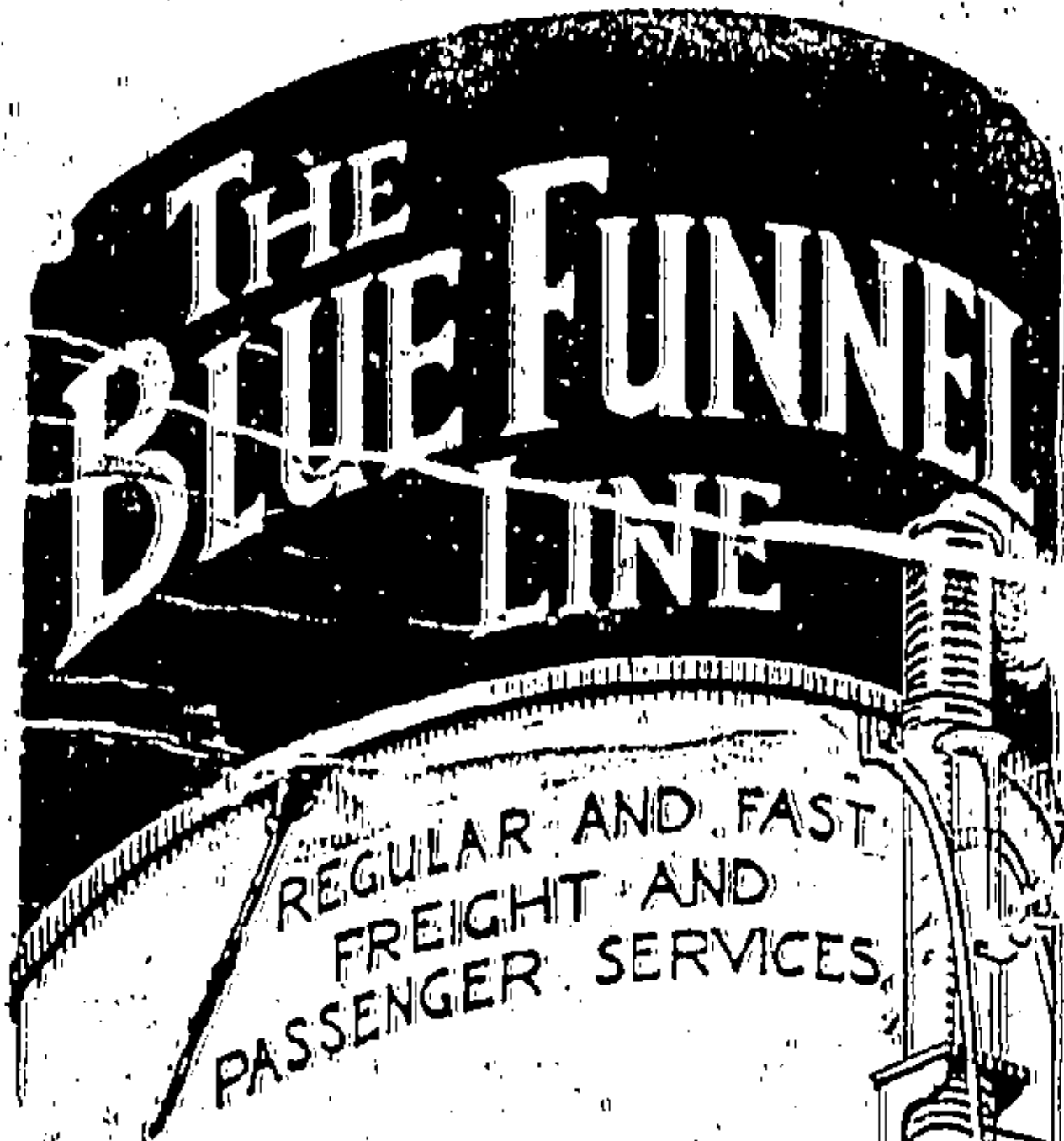
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"THORPE" 18th May Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.
"HARPENDEN" 10th Apr. Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"REXENOR" 23rd Apr. Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"PATRICK" 6th May Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"THORPE" 20th May Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.

PACIFIC SERVICE.
"PHILOCTETES" 21st Apr. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE.
"CALCUTTA" 8th Apr. New York, Boston & Baltimore.
"DIOMEDE" 7th May New York, Boston & Baltimore.

PASSENGER SERVICE.
"HARPENDEN" 7th Apr. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"PATRICK" 10th May Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"REXENOR" 23rd May Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"THORPE" 6th June Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"HARPENDEN" 14th July Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"REXENOR" 27th July Singapore, Marseilles & London.
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POST OFFICE NOTICE

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

NOTICE

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH SERVICES, which offer speedy and efficient means of communication, are established between HONGKONG and SHIPS at SEA, FRENCH INDO-CHINA, the PROVINCE of YUNNAN, and MACAO.

The RADIO TELEGRAPH OFFICE is always open for the reception and transmission of Radio Telegrams and for reporting vessels passing WAGLAN and GAP ROCK LIGHTHOUSES.

WIRELESS SERVICES with Canton and Swatow suspended until further notice.

Full particulars may be obtained on application to the RADIO COUNTER in the MAIN HALL of the G.P.O. and at the RADIO TELEGRAPH OFFICE, 3rd floor, GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

LIST OF VESSELS EXPECTED TO BE IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION WITH HONGKONG TO-DAY.

Jeypore, Empress of Australia, Albert Voegler, Oudekerk, Hui-chow, Korea Maru, Taihybius, Kiangsu, Franconia, Takada, M/S Danmark, Astave, Nalgora, Sarpodon, Haining, Calchas, Calulu, Hwacheng, Tsurugisan Maru, Havre, St. Albans.

Dutiable articles forwarded by letter post to Great Britain are liable to confiscation by the Customs. Such articles should be forwarded by parcel post only.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7.	THURSDAY, APRIL 8.	FRIDAY, APRIL 9.	SATURDAY, APRIL 10.
Straits	Yan Olooh			
Australia and Manila	St. Albans			
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Jeypore			
Canada, U.S.A. Japan and Shanghai	Empress of Australia			
Manila	Pros. Jackson			
Manila	Pros. Cleveland			
Japan	Hakozaki Maru			
U.S.A. Canada, Japan and Shanghai	Pros. McKinley			
Straits and Calcutta	Yuensoong			

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7.	THURSDAY, APRIL 8.	FRIDAY, APRIL 9.	SATURDAY, APRIL 10.
Amoy	Sintha 5 p.m.			
Swatow, Amoy, Foochow	Kotai Maru 8.30 a.m.			
Hohow	Taming 8.30 a.m.			
Saipon	Hawaii Maru 10.30 a.m.			
Swatow and Amoy	Yan Olooh 10.30 a.m.			
Hai Phong	Tekin 12.30 p.m.			
Straits and Calcutta (Parcels No.)				
Letters 1 p.m.				
Shanghai	Fookiang 2.30 p.m.			
Straits	Jeypore 2.30 p.m.			
Formosa	Kohoku Maru 2.30 p.m.			
Yue via Batavia	Thurco 2.30 p.m.			
Amoy	Singoon 5 p.m.			
Shanghai	Loosang 10.30 a.m.			
Manila	Celhas 10.30 a.m.			
Amoy and Foochow	Haining 2 p.m.			
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	9th May. Registration 8.45 a.m.			
Letters 9.30 a.m.				
Hakozaki Maru				

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NOTICES.

NOTICE

KOWLOON BOWLING GREEN CLUB.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club will take place in the Club House on WEDNESDAY, 7th April, 1926, at 5.45 p.m.

B. WYLIE, Hon. Secretary. Hongkong, 5th April, 1926.

MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD OF CHINA.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the GUILD OFFICE, SAILORS' HOME, WEST POINT, on THURSDAY, 8th APRIL, 1926, at 5 o'clock p.m.

BUSINESS: Elections and General. W. J. STOKES, Branch Secretary. Hongkong, 6th April, 1926.

SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONGKONG.

MEMBERS are reminded that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will take place in the Old Chamber of Commerce Room, CITY HALL, at 5.30 p.m. on FRIDAY, 9th April.

It is hoped that there will be a good attendance to consider various matters, more particularly the proposal to hold a SMOKING CONCERT in the City Hall on St. George's Day, FRIDAY, 23rd April.

Members are asked to endeavour to get Englishmen, not already members, to join the Society. Hongkong, 6th April, 1926.

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A. Central & South America & EUROPE via VICTORIA, B.C.—due Victoria B.C., 19th Apr. and Europe via Siberia (letters and parcels specially supervised "Via Siberia" only) Parcels No. 1. Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.30 p.m.

SUNDAY, APRIL 11. Hozan Maru 8 a.m. TUESDAY, APRIL 13. Mingang 4.30 a.m. Maung 10.30 a.m. Naniang

Saipon, Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles 14th May. Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 1.30 p.m.

FRIDAY, APRIL 16. Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles 15th May. Parcels 5 p.m. Registration 17th Apr. 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17. Yuensoong 10 a.m.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

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The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the office of The Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited):—

Zoummeroff Hotel, from Limoges. War winner, from Tokyo. Weena, from Sarasota Florida. Kin Hing, from Amoy. Yuen Jeng Fung, from Shanghai. Lee Hoi, from Amoy. 9563, from Shanghai. Tan Chosen, from Amoy. Hing Lee, from Wanchow. Man Tiag, from Shanghai. 1073, from Shanghai. 0642, from Kobe. Thye Heng Cheong Pennington St, from Shanghai. Tak Seng, from Shanghai. Ho Shie Kee, from Kobe. Kwong Tai Hing, from Shanghai. Key Hing Co., 87 Des Voeux, from Shanghai.

E. V. JESSEN, Superintendent. Hongkong Station, 1st April 1926.

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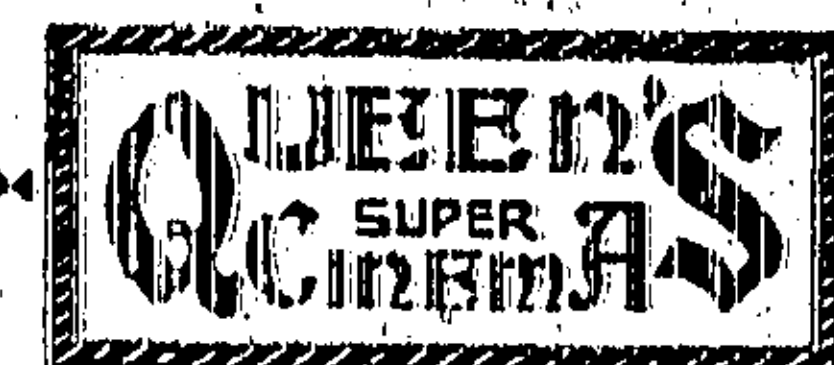
List of Unclaimed Telegrams lying in E. E. Telegraph Office Hongkong.

Glenealy, from Seattle. Dr. Roy Muir care of Hongkong Shanghai Banking Corporation, from Toowoomba.

Rasica, from Calcutta. E. A. LEGGATT, Superintendent. Hongkong, 1st April, 1926.

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